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THE REPUBLICAN.

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PEANUT CAUSED DEATH OF 1-YEAR-OLD CHILD

Little Carl Colyer, of Linden Hall, Choked to Death.

FAST RUN TO HOSPITAL

Dr. Kidder, of Boalsburg, Hurried Child in Automobile in Hope of Saving His Life—Operation Performed but Death Followed.

A peanut lodged in the throat of little Carl Colyer, of Linden Hall, on Saturday caused the infant's death several hours later at the Bellefonte hospital. When the gravity of the child's condition was realized Dr. Kidder, of Boalsburg, had the little boy removed in an automobile to the hospital. The driver of the car made a hard run in the fight against time and when the hospital was reached the child was still alive. An operation was undertaken, but by that time the peanut had become lodged so far down that death ensued. The child was aged 1 year and 5 days.

The case is one of those which might happen in almost any home where there are children. The child's parents are Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Colyer. There were some peanuts in the house and several of the children were enjoying a feast. Mrs. Colyer happened to be out of the room for a few minutes. One of the older children gave little Carl a peanut and he put it into his mouth. When Mrs. Colyer stepped back into the room she noticed that the little tot had something in his mouth. When she asked for it the child laughed and started to run away from her. In running the child swallowed the peanut. The hard kernel became lodged in the throat and the child's condition at once became serious. Dr. Kidder, who was summoned, saw that no time could be lost in hurrying the little fellow to the hospital and he accompanied him on the fast automobile run to Bellefonte. An incision was made in the child's throat, but by that time the peanut had lodged where it could not be reached and a few seconds later death ensued.

RULING AFFIRMED

Superior Court Sustains Decision for International Harvester Co.

The Superior Court this week handed down an opinion sustaining a ruling by Judge Orvis against re-opening the case of the International Harvester Company vs. Mollie Miller. The case originated in Howard township. C. S. McCormick, of Lock Haven, for the defendant, asked Judge Orvis for a rule upon the plaintiffs to show why judgment should not be entered for $250, resulting from a note for that amount. This was refused and the case was carried to the Superior Court, which held that Judge Orvis had the right to refuse to grant the petition. It was contended by Mr. McCormick that the lower court should have re-opened the case and then heard argument. J. Kennedy Johnston represented Mollie Miller.

Two Centre County cases go to the Superior Court, in Philadelphia, next week. One is that of Cyrus Brungart Sheriff, vs. Burdine Butler and Robert Cook. Several cases are really involved in the one at issue. The second case to be appealed is that of T. R. Harter vs. Nathan and Emeline Haugh. In the Brungart case Gettig, Bower & Zerby represent the plaintiff, and C. S. McCormick is counsel for Butler. In the Harter case Harry Keller appears as counsel for the plaintiff, while W. G. Runkle and N. B. Spangler are counsel for the defendants.

Large Barn Burned.

A large barn on the Joseph Gummo farm, near Salona, was totally destroyed by fire yesterday morning. All the stock was rescued except a calf. The loss is about $3000. The barn was regarded as a model in the way of modern equipment.

Masquerade Social.

The Woman's Civic Club of Boalsburg will hold a Holloween Masquerade Social in Boal Hall on Thursday evening, Oct. 31, at 8 o'clock. Proceeds to be applied to the maintenance of the town lights. Admission 10 and 15cts.

Appointed Assessor.

Alexander W. Kennedy, of Sandy Ridge, has been appointed annual assessor of Rush township to fill the vacancy caused by the recent death of William M. Twigg.

Elmer E. Person, editor of the Williamsport "Evening Sun," died suddenly from heart failure on Tuesday night.

ROBBED BY PALS

Bellefonte Man Says He Was Held up at Lock Haven.

A man who gave his name as W. A. Schreffler, of Bellefonte, reported to Patrolman James Litz at the police station, this city, at noon Sunday that he had been held up and robbed near the Lockport end of the river bridge early that morning, says the Lock Haven Express.

According to the story told by Mr. Schreffler to the police he and three strangers, whom he met at the Pennsylvania station, decided to go to Lockport where they could have a "good time" and avoid arrest.

One of the men had a bottle of whiskey and the other a mandolin, and with high spirits and music it was the intention to have farce comedy on the Sabbath day, yet the quartet scarcely reached the north end of the bridge before there was a Wild West drama.

Schreffler claims the trio forced him to give up his money, about seven dollars in all, and also a watch. This was all he had of value except his clothes, but these the highwaymen kindly consented to allow him to keep as the affair occurred about 7 o'clock Sunday morning when it was quite day light.

The three men then told Schreffler to "hit the road" which he did, while they went in an opposite direction.

Constable Isaac Overdorf, of Jersey Shore, notified the officers here Monday morning that he captured the three men on Sunday and brought the prisoners to Lock Haven at 3.45 o'clock Monday afternoon. Patrolman James Litz met Officer Overdorf at the station of the New York Central at Castanea and the prisoners, all securely handcuffed, were taken to the county jail. The names given by the men are Charles Cupp, George Walker and Lee Williams and they range in age from 19 to 23 years.

Schreffler claims that one of them struck him with a sandbag, rendering him partly unconscious. When captured the men had two quarts of whisky with them and were having a good time in the railroad yards at Avis. A watch fob with an insignia of a State college fraternity on it and belonging to Schreffler was picked up at the scene of the holdup. This was turned over to the local police. The time for a hearing has not yet been determined.

TAKES NO ACTION

Council Refers Splash Board Controversy to Borough Solicitor.

Council, at its regular meeting last Monday night, took no action toward removing the splash boards from the Gamble Gheen dam in Spring creek. It submitted the entire matter to the borough solicitor, J. Thomas Mitchell. This was done after efforts had been made by Mr. Judge, of the West Ward, to have Council go ahead with or abandon its declaration of August 5th that the splash boards would have to be removed. As is well known, Council at that time voted to give Gamble & Gheen thirty days in which to remove the splash boards or that the removal would be made by the borough engineer. Now some members of Council are not so sure that they have the power to remove the boards. Mr. Brockerhoff, who offered the original resolution, raised the question of the possibility of the borough making itself liable for trespass. A motion to refer the controversy to the solicitor was adopted. Mr. Daggett was among those voting against the motion, stating that he wanted to see Council adopt some definite attitude in the matter.

John Rumberger submitted to Council a proposition to rent the Green mill at Milesburg for $250 a year. Council directed that the present tenant be notified to surrender his lease at the expiration of one month.

Pennsylvania Day at State.

Pennsylvania Day exercises will be held at State College, this year on November 22. In addition to United States Senators Penrose and Oliver, Gov. Tener will be present and preside and make a short address. Attorney General John C. Bell will make the oration, and Adjutant General Thomas J. Stewart will review the cadet battalion.

Hospital Notes.

Operations—Andrew Graden, State College; Horace Rogers, Picture Rocks, student at State College; George Sheckler, Milesburg.

Admitted for Treatment—John Fargo, Howard; George Herkimer, Houserville.

Discharged—Andrew Runkle, aged 8 years, Bellefonte; Miss Amelia Jodon, Milesburg; Mrs. Minnie Lucas, Runville; Perry Moran, Fleming.

40 patients now in the hospital.

ALL-STEEL COACHES ON BALD EAGLE VALLEY R. R.

Expected to be Installed First On Late Afternoon Train.

DANGER IS MINIMIZED

Loss of Life in Accidents on Much Smaller Scale on Roads Where Steel Cars Have Supplanted Wooden Coaches of the Old Type.

Steel coaches will shortly be inaugurated on the Bald Eagle Valley railroad, between Tyrone and Lock Haven, according to apparently well authenticated reports. It is understood that the first cars of this type to be installed on the division will be attached to the early afternoon train from Tyrone, which makes the return trip from Lock Haven in the late afternoon, passing through Bellefonte at 4.44. Railroad men express the belief that it is but a matter of time until every coach used on the Bald Eagle Valley will be of the all-steel type.

When the first all-steel coach was tried out by the Pennsylvania Railroad the daily run between Paoli and Philadelphia was selected for the experiment. The car was made at the Altoona shops and shipped to Philadelphia. The first few days it was in use it did not prove especially popular with suburban passengers. This was due to the fact that the car was stiff and made much more noise than the old type of wooden coaches. The all-steel car jumped into immense popularity following the first railroad wreck in which both all-steel and wooden coaches figured. The latter type of coaches were splintered, whereas the all-steel coach was practically uninjured. Since that time the Pennsylvania Railroad has been supplanting its wooden coaches with the all-steel type as rapidly as the latter could be hurried from the shops. The main lines received first attention. The smaller branch roads were next taken up. In line with this policy of doing everything possible for the safety and comfort of passengers officials of the company anticipate that the near future will witness the installation of the all-steel coach on the Bald Eagle Valley.

No Vote on Amendments.

Considerable misconception appears to be prevalent throughout the state about the constitutional amendments which are now being advertised and the office of the secretary of the commonwealth is receiving numerous letters from county officials asking for some information about the manner in which the amendmdnts will appear on the ballot.

"There are no amendments to be voted for by the people this fall," said Chief Clerk George D. Thorn of the department, in speaking about the matter "People seem to have the impression that, because they are advertised, they must be voted on. These amendments are being advertised under requirements of the Constitution which says that amendments must be voted upon twice in the Legislature before being submitted. Some of the amendments are now being advertised for the second time and some for the first time.

"Now if those which come up before the Legislature for the second time are passed they will be submitted to the voters at such time as may be designated. Take the $50,000,000 road bond issue, for instance. It was passed in the session of 1911. Now it is being advertised prior to the election for members of the session of 1913. If it passes next winter it will be voted upon.

"I don't know how this popular misconception of the matter came about, but it is making us lots of work answering letters."

Odd Payment to State Treasury.

Every now and then some unusual payments appear at the State Treasury. One day last week one dollar state tax was paid on each of 105 companies. They are part of the Pittsburg Railways system and are merely being kept alive. This tax is paid every year. Numerous other corporations do the same thing The companies exist to hold rights and the tax assessed by the state is promptly paid.

Will Publish Names.

At the several churches in Philipsburg last Sunday a resolution was read from the W. C. T. U. in which that organization announced its intention to print and publish the names of bondsmen and all signers to liquor license applications in the future.

HOW CHESTNUT BLIGHT IS BEING ATTACKED

State Commission Representatives at Work in Centre County.

COOPERATION IS URGED

Owners of Chestnut Trees Can do Much to Stamp out Disease, Says One of the State Agents Making Investigation in County.

(The following is contributed by a representative of the Chestnut Blight Commission—Ed.)

Representatives of the Pennsylvania Chestnut Tree Blight Commission have been inspecting chestnut trees in various parts of Centre County, but recently the force of men have been increased by bringing in men from other counties in the western and far eastern parts of the State. In addition to those trained men, a number of local men have been hired by the day in each locality. These men have been hired for their knowledge of the woods in the locality where they work, and their efficiency in the work has been the sole requirement. Politics or other influences have nothing to do with this work, or the hiring of men, and the force includes men from all parties.

While most people are somewhat familiar with the Chestnut Tree Blight disease (diaporthe parasitica), a full explanation of it at this time will be appreciated by many, as it is the purpose of the employees of the Commission to inspect by December 15 the chestnut trees in all parts of the county, and have infected trees destroyed, so as to prevent further spread of the disease to trees not yet infected.

The chestnut tree blight is a fungus disease, and is not an insect or worm, as is erroneously supposed by some. Some of the trees which are killed by the blight are also attacked by worms or insects like any other tree, but in all infected areas most of the trees have no worms or insects at work on them to any serious extent. The worms or insects are not the disease but in many cases they carry the spores or germs of the fungus disease from one tree to another. On every tree infected with blight all or some of the bark is covered with small orange colored pustules about the size of a pinhead. These are the fruiting bodies of the disease and they discharge thousands of tiny spores or germs which are sticky and are carried to other trees by the wind, insects, birds, squirrels, etc. Disinfected specimens of blighted bark will shortly be displayed in each post office to acquaint the public with the characteristics of the disease.

The disease spreads very rapidly, one tree infecting many others in a short time. In one case in Elk County infection spread from one tree to 142 others in about 3½ years. In a spot of infection recently located on Brush Mountain near Rebersburg, the disease had spread from one clump which appears to have been killed about three years ago to about 150 trees near it. These are only two instances taken from among countless similar cases, and go to show how necessary it is for every owner of chestnut timber to wake up to the serious situation and get familiar with this disease which threatens to kill and destroy all the chestnut trees. The disease kills every tree it attacks. It means dollars saved to every owner of chestnut timber to locate and destroy all infected trees immediately, so as to save other healthy chestnut trees not yet infected with the disease. In fact the law requires that all infected trees must be destroyed within 20 days from date of notice to the owner of such trees, and it repeals any other acts or parts of acts conflicting therewith. It would seem that anyone would be glad to have their chestnut timber inspected, and to destroy all infected trees for the protection of his other healthy trees. But the law goes a bit farther and compels this destruction of infected trees, so that all chestnut trees on adjoining woodland will be protected from infection that might spread to these from infected trees belonging to parties who might be to short-sighted to see the necessity of destroying blighted trees for the benefit of their own and others trees. The law has been passed on by some of the most eminent lawyers in the State, it will hold and should be complied with.

In Centre County the infections in the western part are only isolated cases of a few trees each, after many miles apart. Such infections have been found near Philipsburg, Snow Shoe, Unionville, Howard, Stormstown, Pine Grove Mills, Boalsburg, etc., and other small lots of infection will no doubt be found scattered throughout all parts of the county. In the far eastern part of this county the disease has become more prevalent, and it is fortunate that the infected trees are now being located and destroyed, as the disease has made considerable headway in that part of Centre County and if let to continue spreading it would soon destroy all the chestnut trees in that section and continue the spread of the disease westward.

Even in this section where the infection is the most serious in Centre County only a small percentage of the trees are infected up to this time, and the infections are usually found in groups of a few trees, and in some cases cover an acre or two, while in others there are only a dozen or more trees close together. In some cases of recent infection, only one tree is infected. Therefore it is a comparatively easy matter to check the disease now, by destroying the few trees infected.

The representatives of the Chestnut Blight Commission will inspect chestnut trees in all parts of the county, blazing and togging those infected with blight, explain to owners the method of destroying infected trees, and supervise the work. The work must be done properly so as to destroy all bark of infected trees. The trunk of the tree may be used if sufficiently large to be of value, the bark having been carefully peeled off, and any infected spots on the outer layers of wood having been cut out and burned.

This fungus disease was probably brought into this country from Japan and was first noticed near New York City, in 1905. It has since that time spread westward to this part of Pennsylvania. The oldest infections in this county appear to have killed the trees about four years ago. The disease attacks chestnut trees only, affecting trees of all sizes, killing small sprouts or saplings in one to six months, and large trees in less than two years from the time it starts, depending on the size of tree.

On many places in the eastern part of Pennsylvania where the disease has gained greater headway, there are many woodlots where the disease has infected 75% to 90% of the chestnut trees and there is hardly a single woodlot in that part of the State which has not a large number of infected trees. To prevent such a state of affairs in this part of the State will require the hearty co-operation of all timber owners and public spirited citizens with the work of the Commission. The work is non-partisan and everyone should help it along by their co-operation and influence.

Urge Harvest Home Gifts.

The annual roll call and Harvest Home services will be held in the Milesburg Baptist church on Sunday, next, and a large attendance is earnestly desired. The annual roll call service will be conducted in the morning at 11 o'clock by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Clark. The Harvest Home services will be held in the evening. Contributions of vegetables and such other gifts as the membership of the church and others may care to make will be greatly appreciated and will be promptly forwarded to the orphanage at Angora, Pa. Such contributions should be delivered to the church on Saturday, at which time members of the committee in charge will be on hand to receive the same.

Notice to Voters.

The attention of voters is called to an omission in the ballot published in this issue on pages two and seven. The name of Charles E. Patton, for Representative in Congress, appears as the candidate of the Republican and Keystone parties only. Mr. Patton's name should appear as the candidate of the Republican, Keystone and Washington parties. The official certificate from the Secretary of the Commonwealth was received too late from Harrisburg to make the correction in our form of the ballot for this issue. Hence this notice calling attention to the omission.

Town Swept By Fever.

State Health Department reports from Troy, Bradford county, where a serious outbreak of typhoid fever is raging, are to the effect that there are 127 cases and a dozen or more suspected cases. The state authorities have established an emergency hospital and are caring for 19 patients. Officers of the Health Department are on the ground and notices have been sent to towns on the Susquehanna below Troy of the conditions prevailing in the borough, so that they may safeguard their water supply.

His Auto Burned.

While Dr. A. B. Painter, of Mill Hall, was motoring home Sunday night from Nittany Valley, where he had visited a patient, he experienced trouble with his car. In endeavoring to adjust the trouble the motor back-fired and ignited the gasoline in the tank. Before he could secure assistance flames destroyed the car, which was valued at $1200. The car was insured.

FINE THREE FOREIGNERS AND CONFISCATE GUNS

State Game Warden Filed Charge of Violating Law.

COST EACH JUST $29

Recently Enacted Law Prohibits Unnaturalized Persons Having Firearms in their Possession—Other Arrests Likely.

State game wardens are rounding up every unnaturalized foreigner in Centre County having firearms in his possession. Thus far three foreigners have been arrested and fined $25 fine and costs amounting to $4. each. A warrant is out for a fourth foreigner, but up to yesterday he had not been located.

The Legislature recently passed a law denying to unnaturalized persons the privilege of having firearms in their possession. For a time the law was feared, but little by little unnaturalized foreigners stated to ignore it. The shooting of Colonel Roosevelt in Milwaukee, last week, has had the effect of arousing State officials to a more rigid enforcement of the law and the crusade in Centre County is only a part of the general investigation throughout Pennsylvaia.

A. T. Davidson and H. E. Hummelbaugh, State game wardens, unexpectedly arrived in Centre County last week and started on a still hunt for firearms among unnaturalized foreigners in and about Bellefonte. After a day or two's work Mr. Davidson went before Squire Musser and secured warrants for Tony Kopco and Mike Shobeck, charging that they had been found with guns in their possession. Both were arraigned before Squire Musser and fined, each paying over $29. On Tuesday Mr. Davidson obtained warrants for Mike and John Benzi, the charge being similar to that entered against the other two foreigners. Mike Benzi was arrested and fined, but his brother was not located. In the cases of the three men taken before Squire Musser the firearms were confiscated and later shipped to Harrisburg. The $25 fine in such cases also goes to the State.

Shot While Out Hunting.

A hike of a trio of Boy Scouts, of Tyrone, on Saturday ended disastrously for Charles F. Blair, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Blair, and grandson of S. S. Blair, retired superintendent of the Tyrone division of the Pennsylvania Railroad. In company with two companions, William Goheen and William Brewer, the boys left for a tour of the jungles back of Grazierville in search of pine squirrels. When in the vicinity of the old McIntyre farm the victim of the accident beheld a piny and just as he cocked and raised his gun to fire tripped over a root and fell. With a companion in front and one behind he had the presence of mind to throw his gun out to the right as he went down but unluckily the weapon struck a stone in such a manner as to splinter the stock and turn the muzzle toward the owner. The impact caused the hammer to release and a 22 calibre long rifle bullet plowed through the biceps of his right arm, struck a rib which turned the course downward into his abdomen. While pretty badly wounded he is recovering.

Hint to Commissioners.

Ben. Habbershon, of Osceola, Sealer of Weights and Measures for Clearfield county, was in town Monday morning enroute to one of the outlying sections of his territory. He tells us that out of 450 scales examined thus far in the county, he found 125 that failed to measure up to the standard. He has encountered many other experiences that show the need of such officials as a Sealer of Weights and Measures in every county in the state. The Commissioners of Centre County should get busy and make a similar appointment.—Philipsburg Journal.

Robbed Dr. Gilliland's Home.

Dr. S. H. Gilliland's home at Cynwyd, nearby Philadelphia, was looted by thieves while the family was absent one day last week. The thieves literally cleaned out the house from cellar to garret. Dr. Gilliland is connected with the State Health Department. He is a former Centre County boy.

Is Hospital Patient.

W. A. Johnson, of Beech Creek, was on Tuesday admitted to the Lock Haven hospital for medical treatment. Joseph Hanley, of Monument, a patient at the hospital, was able to return to his home this week.

Election Proclamation

God Save the Commonwealth. I, A. B. Lee, High Sheriff of the County of Centre, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid that an election will be held in the said county of Centre on the

First Tuesday in November, 1912,

being the 5th of November, 1912, for the purpose of electing the several persons hereinafter named, to wit:

Thirty-eight persons for Presidential Electors.

One person for State Treasurer.

One person for Auditor General.

Four persons for Representatives in Congress at Large.

One person for Representative in Congress.

One person for Representative in the General Assembly.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the place of holding elections in the several wards, boroughs, districts and townships within the County of Centre is as follows:

For the North Ward of the borough of Bellefonte, at the Logan Hose Co., house on east Howard street.

For the South Ward of the borough of Bellefonte, in the Garman Opera House Building, in the room formerly occupied by H. S. Taylor.

For the West Ward of the borough of Bellefonte in the carriage shop of S. A. McQuistion, n Bellefonte.

For the borough of Centre Hall, in a room at Runkle's hotel.

For the borough of Howard, at the public school in said borough.

For the borough of Millheim, in the old school house, now the Municipal building.

For the borough of Milesburg, in the borough building on Market street.

For the First Ward of the borough of Philipsburg, in the Reliance Hose house.

For the Second Ward of the borough of Philipsburg, at the Public Building at the corner of North Centre and Presqueisle streets

For the Third Ward of the borough of Philipsburg, at the Hale school house, northeast corner of Sixth and Presqueisle streets.

For the borough of South Philipsburg, at the Citr Hall in South Philipsburg.

For the borough of Snow Shoe, in the borough building.

For the borough of State College, in the State College Fire Company Building.

For the borough of Unionville, in the Grange Hall in said borough.

For the township of Benner, north precinct, at the Knox school house.

For the township of Benner, south precinct, at the Hoy's school house.

For the township of Borgs, east precinct, at the hall of Knights of Labor, in the village of Curtin.

For the township of Boggs, north precinct, at Walker's school house.

For the township of Boggs, west precinct, at the school house in Central City.

For the township of Burnside, in the building owned by William Watson, in the village of Pine Glen.

For the township of College, at the school house in the village of Lemont.

For the township of Curtin, north precinct, at the school house in the village of Orvis.

For the township of Curtin, south precinct, at the school house near Robert Mann's.

For the township of Ferguson, east precinct, at the public house of R. R. Randolph, in Pine Grove Mills.

For the township of Ferguson, west precinct, at Baileyville Hall, in the village of Baileyville.

For the township of Gregg, north precinct, at Murray's school house.

For the township of Gregg, east precinct, at the house occupied by William A. Sinkabine at Penn Hall.

For the township of Gregg, west precinct, in a room at Spring Mills hotel at Spring Mills.

For the township of Haines, east precinct, school house in the village of Woodward.

For the township of Haines, west precinct, at the hotel at Aaronsburg.

For the township of Halfmoon, in I. O. O. F. hall in the village of Stormstown.

For the township of Harris, east precinct, at the building owned by Harry McClellan in the village of Linden Hall.

For the township of Harris, west precinct, at the school house in the village of Boalsburg.

For the township of Howard, in the township public building.

For the township of Huston, in a building owned by J. C. Nason, in the village of Julian.

For the township of Liberty, east precinct, at the school house in Eagleville.

For the township of Liberty, west precinct, at the school house at Monument.

For the township of Marion, at the shop of Samuel Aley in the village of Jacksonville.

For the township of Miles, east precinct, at the dwelling house of William Tyson at Wolf's Store.

For the township of Miles, middle precinct, at the wagonmaker shop of W. J. Weber in Rebersburg.

For the township of Miles, west precinct, at the store room of Elias Miller in Madisonburg.

For the township of Patton, in the shop of John Hoy at Waddle.

For the township of Penn, in a building formerly owned by Luther Gulsewhite, at Coburn.

For the township of Potter, north precinct, at the Old Fort hotel.

For the township of Potter, south precinct, at the hotel in the village of Potters Mills.

For the township of Potter, west precinct, at the store of George Mieg, at Colyer.

For the township of Rush, north precinct, at the Township Poor House.

For the township of Rush, east precinct, at the school house in the village of Casanova.

For the township of Rush, south precinct, at the school house in the village of Powelton.

For the township, of Rush, west precinct, at the school house near Osceola Mills, known as the Tower school house.

For the township of Snow Shoe, east precinct, at the school house in the village of Clarence.

For the township of Snow Shoe, west precinct at the house of Alonza A. Groe, in the village of Moshannon.

For the township of Spring, north precinct, at the township building erected near Mallory's blacksmith shop.

For the township of Spring, south precinct,

SPECIMEN BALLOT.

To vote a straight party ticket, mark a cross (X) in the square, in the first column, opposite the name of the party of your choice.

A cross mark in the square at the head of a group of Presidential electors, opposite the name of a party and its Presidential candidates, is a vote for the electors of that party, but for no other candidates.

A cross mark in the square opposite the name of any candidate indicates a vote for that candidate.

FIRST COLUMN.

To Vote a Straight Party Ticket Mark a Cross (X) in this Column.

	PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS. (Vote for 38.)	PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS. (Vote for 38.)	PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS. (Vote for 38.)	PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS. (Vote for 38.)	PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS. (Vote for 38.)	PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS. (Vote for 38.)	PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS. (Vote for 38.)	PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS. (Vote for 38.)	PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS. (Insert 38.)
	REPUBLICAN. Taft and Sherman.	DEMOCRATIC. Wilson and Marshall	PROHIBITION. Chafin and Watkins.	SOCIALIST. Debs and Seidel.	BULL MOOSE. Roosevelt & Johnson.	INDUSTRIALIST. Reimer and Gillhaus.	ROOSEVELT PROG. Roosevelt & Johnson.	WASHINGTON. Roosevelt & Johnson.	This column is for use of voters desiring to vote for Presidential Electors other than those whose names appear printed on this ballot.
REPUBLICAN.	I. Layton Register,	Daniel F. Carlin,	John L. Heyworth,	E. F. Annundson,	William Wilhelm,	Henry Muller,	William Wilhelm,	William Wilhelm,	
	William A. Telzman,	P. Oliver Derr,	William A. Huston,	Geo. T. McConnell,	William F. Remppis,	L. M. Barhydt,	William F. Remppis,	William F. Remppis,	
	Samuel J. Walnwright,	Thomas J. McGinnis,	Ellwood Allen,	W. G. Lenker,	Charles L. Van Scoten,	James A. Gray,	Charles L. Van Scoten,	Charles L. Van Scoten,	
	John P. Harris,	William T. Aldrich,	John S. Hay,	Llwellyn Dillinger,	James P. McNarney,	August Cleaver,	James P. McNarney,	James P. McNarney,	
	Robert E. Altemus,	Michael James McArdle,	Samuel B. Croft,	Patrick H. Smith,	Goodloe H. Thomas,	J. C. Brought,	Goodloe H. Thomas,	Goodloe H. Thomas,	
	John Dick,	James J. Ryan,	James E. Clark,	W. J. Wright,	Harry D. W. English,	P. J. Reimer,	Harry D. W. English,	Harry D. W. English,	
	George Jay Elliott,	William M. Watson,	Joseph H. Paschall,	Chas. O. Alter,	Albert S. Faught,	Joseph Schneider,	Albert S. Faught,	Albert S. Faught,	
	John R. K. Scott,	James J. Kane,	William A. Seltzer,	William Parker,	William C. Supplee,	Vladimir Ernst,	William C. Supplee,	William C. Supplee,	
	W. J. McCloskey,	Maximillian Jos'h Bucher,	O. D. Brubaker,	Chas. F. Sands,	John H. Calahan,	Stephen Jaross,	John H. Calahan,	John H. Calahan,	
	Robert M. Griffith,	Samuel Britton Price,	Charles L. Hawley,	George K. Harris,	William F. Deakyne,	James Erwin,	William F. Deakyne,	William F. Deakyne,	
	Frank H. Caven,	John H. Foy,	Noah H. Pettibone,	Jerry M. Christ,	William H. Zeigler,	Cleveland W. Morris,	William H. Zeigler,	William H. Zeigler,	
	Frank W. Munn,	George F. Krapp,	Harry A. Reber,	Walter N. Lodge,	Arthur G. Graham,	George Dibb,	Arthur G. Graham,	Arthur G. Graham,	
	Robert P. Cairnes,	Jacob B. Waidelich,	Clarence T. Davis,	C. E. McCready,	Pennock E. Sharpless,	Robert Richardson,	Pennock E. Sharpless,	Pennock E. Sharpless,	
	Abram T. Eastwick,	Charles A. McCarty,	Ernest H. Meeker,	Solon C. Thayer,	Louis N. McCarter,	Thomas Moody,	Louis N. McCarter,	Louis N. McCarter,	
	Horace L. Haldeman,	Sedgwick Kistler,	J. F. Good,	J. J. Kintner,	I. Clinton Arnold,	George H. Snyder,	I. Clinton Arnold,	I. Clinton Arnold,	
	Edwin M. Rine,	Matthias J. Clemons,	Frank P. Johnson,	William Noble,	Howell Harris,	Joseph C. Lyle,	Howell Harris,	Howell Harris,	
	Henry W. Palmer,	George A. Harris,	C. H. Williams,	Louis S. Mellinger,	Thomas C. Edwards,	Amadio Mori,	Thomas C. Edwards,	Thomas C. Edwards,	
	Henry H. Brownmiller,	Cyrus G. Rauch,	J. C. Rummel,	P. Bolenbacher,	John Reese,	H. G. Meinel,	John Reese,	John Reese,	
	Fred B. Gernerd,	Arthur Blakely Clark,	R. Z. Replogle,	Wm. W. Decker,	Jacob B. Fricker,	B. F. Wissler,	Jacob B. Fricker,	Jacob B. Fricker,	
	William C. Sechrist,	John W. Bittenger,	Daniel E. Breneman,	Fr[illegible] Thompson,	John J. Koehler,	George W. Wagner,	John J. Koehler,	John J. Koehler,	
	Malcolm McDougall,	John Fred'k Weaver, Jr.	John I. Thompson, Jr.,	J. M[illegible] Barr,	Richard W. A. Jameson,	Fred. Wagner,	Richard W. A. Jameson,	Richard W. A. Jameson,	
	Wm. H. Helm,	Thomas A. Frazier,	D. G. Bastian,	J. A[illegible] Filson,	Joseph J. Dropeskey,	Albert Beringer,	Joseph J. Dropeskey,	Joseph J. Dropeskey,	
	John Henry Deardorff,	Charles W. Walker,	Daniel Sturgeon,	Geo. W. Bacon,	George W. Wagenseller,	Carl Schleicher,	George W. Wagenseller,	George W. Wagenseller,	
	James Lord,	W. K. Hugus,	L. Albert Walters,	C. E. Martin,	Harry A. Sherk,	William Beringer,	Harry A. Sherk,	Harry A. Sherk,	
	Josiah D. Hicks,	Sabastian S. Henne,	Norris Crossman,	Chas. Boeckler,	William H. Irwin,	Herman Spittal,	William H. Irwin,	William H. Irwin,	
	Calvin Gilbert,	Charles H. Webb,	William H. Kindt,	E. C. Judd,	William H. Tipton,	William Morningstar,	William H. Tipton,	William H. Tipton,	
	David Howells,	David Neale,	Samuel Dible,	William C. Price,	Oscar Mitchell,	Charles Filzer,	Oscar Mitchell	Oscar Mitchell	
	Sylvester F. Bowser,	James Buchanan Siggins,	W. H. Cover,	J. E. Perry,	Alfred M. Christley,	Luther Gerhard,	Alfred M. Christley,	Alfred M. Christley,	
	William E. Crow,	James Houlahen,	J. P. Knox,	Robert Watkins,	Peter A. Johns,	George A. Homan,	Peter A. Johns,	Peter A. Johns,	
	Norman E. Clark,	C. H. Arnold,	J. J. Porter,	Howard M. Welch,	Chester A. Moore,	George E. Berl,	Chester A. Moore,	Chester A. Moore,	
	Frederick Felix Crutze,	Patrick J. Barry,	Robert S. Glass,	O. E. Musselman,	Labazure O. McLane,	Alvin Rohrbach,	Labazure O. McLane,	Labazure O. McLane,	
	Herman Simon,	George W. Ackin,	Thomas P. Hershberger,	Edw. Glauner,	John Rice,	Philip Buck,	John Rice,	John Rice,	
	Robert Locke,	Thos. Jefferson Duncan,	Charles W. Burnly,	Simon Libros,	John M. Williams,		John M. Williams,	John M. Williams,	
	William Schnur,	Newell R. White,	John R. Penn,	Reuben Einstein,	David I. Ball,		David I. Ball,	David I. Ball,	
	George M. Douglass,	Philip N. Shettig,	Adie A. Stevens,	Cornelius Foley,	Richard R. Quay,		Richard R. Quay,	Richard R. Quay,	
	Howard B. Oursler,	Garrett E. Smedley,	Charles Scanlon,	Edw. Hagan,	Harry H. Willock,		Harry H. Willock,	Harry H. Willock,	
	C. Elmer Bown,	John Burgess Henning,	Herbert T. Ames,	H. W. Pooler,	Paul S. Ache,		Paul S. Ache,	Paul S. Ache,	
	Patrick H. McGuire,	Frank P. Isherwood,	Silas C. Swallow,	W. E. Scott,	James H. Duff,		James H. Duff,	James H. Duff,	
DEMOCRATIC.									
PROHIBITION.									
SOCIALIST.									
BULL MOOSE.									
INDUSTRIALIST.									
KEYSTONE.									
ROOSEVELT PROGRESSIVE.									
WASHINGTON.									

STATE TREASURER. (Mark One)

Robert K. Young,	Republican.
	Bull Moose.
	Roosevelt Progressive.
	Washington.
William H. Berry,	Democratic.
	Keystone.
Chas. W. Huntingdon,	Prohibition.
John J. Schwartz,	Socialist.

AUDITOR GENERAL. (Mark One)

Archibald W. Powell,	Republican.
	Bull Moose.
	Roosevelt Progressive.
	Washington.
Robert E. Cresswell,	Democratic.
	Keystone.
B. Budd Cannon,	Prohibition.
Adrian H. Eldredge,	Socialist.

REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS AT LARGE. (Mark Four.)

John M. Morin,	Republican.
	Bull Moose.
	Roosevelt Progressive.
	Washington.
Frederick E. Lewis,	Republican.
	Bull Moose.
	Roosevelt Progressive.
	Washington.
Anderson H. Walters,	Republican.
	Bull Moose.
	Roosevelt Progressive.
	Washington.
Arthur R. Rupley,	Republican.
	Bull Moose.
	Roosevelt Progressive.
	Washington.
George Benton Shaw,	Democratic.
Joseph Howley,	Democratic.
George R. McLean,	Democratic.
E. E. Greenawalt,	Democratic.
E. L. McKee,	Prohibition.
Howard J. Force,	Prohibition.
Henry S. Gill,	Prohibition.
Thomas M. Hamilton,	Prohibition.
Chas. W. Ervin,	Socialist.
William Parker,	Socialist.

REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS. (Mark One)

Charles E. Patton,	Republican.
	Keystone.
James A. Gleason,	Democratic.
W. N. Watt,	Prohibition.
George Fox,	Socialist.

REPRESENTATIVE IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY (Mark One)

C. L. Gramley,	Republican.
	Washington.
R. M. Foster,	Democratic.
J. D. White,	Prohibition.
Frank C. Rittenhouse,	Socialist.

Notice is hereby given, that every person, excepting Justice of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district is, by law, incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge or other officer of any such elections, shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for, except that of an election officer.

Under the law of the Commonwealth for holding elections, the polls shall be opened at 7 o'clock A. M., and closed at 7 o'clock P. M.

Given under my hand and seal at my office in Bellefonte, this 22nd day of October, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and twelve, and in the one hundred and thirty-seventh year of the Independence of the United States of America.

A. B. LEE, (Seal)
Sheriff of Centre County.

News and Views of Women.

By Julia Catharine Gray.

This column will be devoted to the interests of women the third week in each month. Discussion is cordially invited.

The State Federation of Pennsylvania Women met last week, for the second time in its history, at Williamsport. The programme was planned to deal with problems of special interest to Pennsylvania. Sessions were devoted to the discussion of subjects such as immigration, education, civics, conservation, the care of the homeless and dependent child, and last but not least importance one evening was devoted to an educational presentation of the question of suffrage for women. When the suffrage has been won by women, many of the problems mentioned will be solved directly and quickly and not by any "indirect influence," which is only another name for wheedling. It has not been a year since T. R. stated that he believed in woman suffrage but that he considered it of small importance. Now, he is making the most of it to place himself in the highest place of the Nation. His sincerity is questioned. One thing, however, is quite obvious. Too many women have the vote now to submit to any broken vows such as Minister Asquith has meted out to the English suffragists Alice Stone Blackwell says that if be realized how important all the vicious interests consider it to defeat woman suffrage, and they pour out money for that purpose like water, he might find in this a practical reason for believing that woman suffrage is a matter of some moment. Mrs. Zerelda G. Wallace, mother of Ben Hur, said it grieved her to see how much more faith bad men had than good men that the majority of women couldbe counted upon to vote for righteousness. She furthermore said:

"The mother tries to teach her boy that he must be honorable if he would succeed in life. That boy goes out from his mother, and the first thing he meets with neutralizes and gives the lie to all his mother's teachings. He says to himself, 'Why, mother says so and so,' but he finds men in high places violating all those teachings, and he begins to conclude that his mother does not know much about it. From that moment that boy discounts his mother's judgment, and, though she must still have a hold on his affections, she does not have a hold upon him in any other way. There is where you wrong us, gentlemen, and cripple us in training men who will make the statesmen of this nation. If you want us to make statesmen, you must give the women an interest in the government, and you must count their opinions."

The suffragettes are working for the women in England who are earning less than a penny an hour. The men and women who do not know what it means to a woman to earn less than a penny an hour have not earned the right to criticise the suffragettes—Woman's Journal.

The sum total of the opposition to suffrage for women is clearly and cleverly expressed by one who wrote as follows:

Female suffrage is a splendid subject for argument, because argument leaves it exactly where it was before. Good and wise persons of both sexes differ about it, but neither the pros nor the cons arrive at their position by any process of reasoning.

We have the highest respect for some of those who oppose female suffrage; but we have never yet seen a single respectable reason against it. They say women cannot bear arms. True, to manage a coat of mail, a shield and a lance in a side saddle would be awkward. But most women ride astride nowadays, and we should like to pit a company of them, in neat Directoire armor, with Merry Widow helmets, against an equal number of conservative divines who stick to the military argument. Bearing arms is a very small part of the duties of citizenship in the United States—quite insignificant, for example, when compared to bearing children. If martial capacity is the test, a prize-fighter ought to have four votes to a college professor's one.

The hearth to which female suffrage introduced political strife would suffer no new affliction; it would have been abundantly acquainted before with strife in some other form. A man and wife who pulled hair over politics could have no safety save in total baldness.

The real ground of opposition is that female suffrage is new. Generally speaking, the thing has never been done that way before. Conservative tempers instinctively shrink from it.

I belirve in suffrage. I have not been an active suffragist because I have kept so busily to my own line, but I realize that, had it not been for Susan B. Anthony and the other women who were the pioneers in woman's cause, it would not have been possible for me to teach in any more than the one room where I began.—Mrs. Ella Flagg Young.

If those women who oppose suffrage could realize that they are reaping the benefits of the strenuous efforts of the pioneers honored by Ella Flagg Young, they would be compelled, from a sheer sense of justice, to throw their influence upon the right side of the cause. Do they never stop to consider that Mary Lyon's prayers and entreaties obtained for them and their daughters the higher education? This is but one of the advantages which we have inherited. Does it seem like justice to profit by the results while opposing the methods used?

President C. R. Van Hise, of the University of Wisconsin, states that the most important single thing to be secured by woman suffrage is the benefit to the women themselves. Why not give the women a chance to benefit themselves?

Mrs. LaFollette recently spoke to a crowd on the subject from an automobile. In answer to the usual objection that voting would take too much of a woman's time, she said she was sure they could do it in ten minutes, and that she had known it sometimes to take the men all day to vote; a man in the audience added "and part of a night too."

The Woman's Journal, the equal suffrage organ founded many years ago by Lucy Stone Henry B. Blackwell, is publishing some Sis Brer Rabbit stories on suffrage which are so clever that all of our readers ought to have the benefit of them. They are written by Mrs. S. W. Carrick and they expose the threadbare arguments of the "antes" in all their ludicrous baldness. One of the articles is given entire. It is entitled "The Conversion of Sis Brer Rabbit" and is as follows:

"What is Woman's Suffrage, Uncle Remus?" asked the little boy as he seated himself beside the old man on the bench outside the cabin door.

"Wimmin's Suffridge, sonny? Whin did you iver hear tell of Wimmin's Suffridge, I'd like to know?"

"Mother is always talking about it at the table, and father always gets mad. What does it mean, Uncle Remus?"

"Wall, Wimmin's Suffridge is suthin' de min has and de wimmins wants, but de min say dat de wimmins can't have it, cos den dey'll 'grow as smart as de min and dey is too smart already."

"Won't they ever get it?" asked the boy wistfully.

"No, nivver, ness de wimmins do as ole Sis Rabbit did. She done git it."

"How, Uncle Remus?" and the little boy fairly wriggled with delight over the prospect of a bran new story.

"Wall, you see, it was dis ar way. Sis Rabbit she ain't no suffridger, nohow, in de beginnin'. She was 'gusted at de carryin' ons of de wimmin animals, and whin dey all marched past her door, de weasels, de otters, de chipmunks, de badgers, de possums and de rabbits, carryin' dere banners and 'scriptions, "We're as good as de min," and so on, why Sis Rabbit she up and calls out:

"I'se shamed of you! Go home an' min' yer babies. De min is a lookin' arter you, better'n you deserve, too."

Den all the little Miss Frogs begin croaking togedder, "You'll be wid us nex' time, you'll be wid us nex' time!"

"Sassy things!" sez Sis Rabbit, an' she bundled all de little Rabs into de house an' she closed de door bang, an' den dey all peeked out of der winder till ivry las' one of de suffridgers had marched past on der way to Miss Meadow's.

"Ain't you proud your ma hin't wid dose fool things?" sez Brer Rabbit, sezee.

"Not many days after dis, de min animals dey all git togedder to hole a meetin' to choose de head boss of de bit of woods whar dey all live, an' Mrs. Rab an' de chilluns watch der daddy saunterin' down de road si biggity, his head holt high and tilted way back an' his stummick big an' portant-like 'cos he was gwine to vote.

"Your daddy is riprisintin' de fambiy," sez Mrs. Rab, "des as he oughter, and I'se takin' care of you uns, des as I oughter—hi der, Rabby, stop wipen' your nose on my clean apron! All you min chilluns, you jes' watch an' see how gran' you pa goes to de polls; dat's de way you mus' do it bimeby. An' here, you little good-for-nothin' sissy Rabs, des you scurry into de house and help me cook de dinner for all dese yer Rabs what will be votin' fore long."

"After a little while, whin de little gals and der mammy was a-working away, up rushes Sis Mole, all out of bref, and so scared she plum forgot to knock at de door. She bus' right in, she did, and cried out:

"O, Sis Rabbit, what you think dose wicked min animals is doin' at de meetin'? I heerd em—"

"You heerd em? What you mean—you listen? Is dat your kind of manners?"

"Yas, dat's my job, I'se chairman of rudeness and I'se boun' to go to all de meetin's to listen, call names and do all necessary rudeness, an' oh! who you think dey is 'lectin' for head boss of dese yer woods?"

"Who?"

"Brer Wolf!"

"You is crazy, gal! you is sure 'nuff crazy. Go long wid you!"

"No, listen, Sis Rabbit. Furst dey was talkin' about 'lecting Brer Tortoise, whin up gits Brer Wolf an' he sez, sezee:

"Who's been a guardin' de boundaries of dis yer wood for years? Keepin' cows from dirtyin' de drinkin' water? Keepin' dogs from 'sturbin' you and your chilluns? Don't you feel no gratitood? I'd make de bes' head boss dar is. Des you let me have my den in de middle of dis yer woods an' I'll guard you fine, I will."

"Up jumps Brer Fox. Brer Fox and Brer Wolf have sort of 'greement 'tween each odder, an' he sez, sezee:

"Brer Wolf is de best.' I move we 'lect Brer Wolf.'"

"And' Brer B'ar, he's in de 'greement, too, he gits up an' he sez, sezee:

"I'm second, I is!"

"An' no one sez nothin' but de snakes, dey hiss and get trown out. De rist look kinder scared, all same dey 'lected Brer Wolf for head boss an' Brer B'ar for de second. Now what you say, Sis Rabbit?"

Fust off Sis Rabbit was too scared to talk; den she jumps up an' hollers jes like a red-hot suffridger:

"De wimmins 'll tend to dis yer bisness! Go quick, Moley, dear, call all de wimmin to a mass meetin'—nivver mind de ladies, dis yer ain't no party, we need real peoples. Tell 'em to come 'mejiately to a great mass meetin' down to Miss Meadow's. An' Moley dear, don't forget ole Ma Skunk. Now go it lickity split!"

Miss Mole's no sooner gone dan up comes Brer Rabbit, sad an' 'jected-like, walkin' slow and troubled. Mrs. Rab from de doorway, wid her arms folded, watches him an' looks him him over an' studies him up an' down, an' up, 'barasses him mighty.

"What's de matter?" whines Brer Rabbit.

"Ain't you 'shamed of yourself?" begins Mrs. Rab.

"What fer?" lookin' so innercent like.

"You want to pack your little Rabs in Brer Wolf's stummick, dat's why you 'lect him head boss and let him have a den in de middle of dese yer woods! Ain't you 'shamed of yourself? If you ain't, I is. You des go back an' un'lect him!" and she pinted tords de woods from whar he'd come.

Brer Rabbit he git mad, he did. He jus' stomped roundd' mighty royal, jes' manlike an' gran'.

"Oh, dese wimmins!" he hollers, "Dere fool wimmins, will dey nivver understand' politics? Don't you know nothing? We can't un'lect!"

"If you min animals can't un'lect, we wimmins can!" An' Mrs. Rab stan' big an' looked like all grandness inside her.

In no time at all comes aleng de suffridgers' p'rade wid de grasshopper band in front, and dey stop at de Rabbitses' house and call to Sis Rabbit.

"I'se commin'," sez she, and she turns to Brer Rabblt, but he'd gone tumbled ker-floppity into a cheer, so she told de little Rabs:

"Whin your daddy comes to, you git him my apron 'hind der door an' tell him he'd bes' do de dishes while de water's hot. Be good chilluns," sez she, an' den she march out de house an' she joned de suffridgers. But 'for she took her place she had to slap de biggest Miss Frog squar' in de face, blim blam, to stop her croaking. "Told you so! Told you so!" jes' like dat.

Miss Meadows had de bigges' kind of a meetin', sonny, wid all dose wimmin creatures packed in tight, rows, 'pon rows on 'em. Sis Rabbit she gits up quick, even 'fore meetin's called to order, an' tole 'em what Sis Mole told her. Such 'sclamations an' 'nunciations an' revillin's agen de min you nivver heerd, nor nivver want to hear, sonny, seein's you is to be a man. It was awful! Whin it was quiet-like Sis Rabbit she tuk de floor and de management, an' widout no' sputin' an' no arguin' an' no sassin' dey jes' un'lected Brer Wolf an' 'lected Brer Owl, an' sint a gran' invitation to all de min critturs fur to come nex' night to a gran' 'naugural banquet in honor of Brer Owl. Dose wimmins didn't need no rules of order, dey done everythin' widout em', jes as easy.

You see, sonny, de min 'spects de wimmin don't know nothin' 'bout government, but dat is jest what dey do know, 'cos dey has been in dis here governin' business iver since de first babby was born an' de first husband was kotched. But dey keep so quiet 'bout it dat de governin' don't nivver show 'ness de king dies; den o' course de queen's right dar plain. In dis yere country de Vice-President jumps into de place so sudden-like whin de President's kilt dat de she-Presidents don't nivver show at all, but deys right tendin' to business jes de same, an' don't you go an' forgit it, nudder.

Wall, Sis Rabbit she knowed all 'bout governin' an' she knowed more'n dat, she understan' critturs, she did.

She up and sez, sez she:

"If all de min 'fuse to come to dis yere 'Naugural Banquet fer Brer Owl, we'll jes 'em 'bout de 'frishments, An' den if dey won't come, we'll jest make de 'frishments grander an' deliciouser, an' den if dey won't come, I specks we'll have to use force. We'll have to drop Miss Mole an' 'pint Mam Skunk chairman on rudeness. Vit I don't reckon we'll have to do more'n keep Mam Skunk up our sleeves," sez she.

Here some of de she-critturs 'jected to have Mam Skunk up der sleeves.

"But," continued Sis Rabbit, "so dis yer mess nivver 'curs agin, I reckon dat we'd better serve 'frishments at all political meetins' an' be right handy wid our deus," sez she.

Late dat night whin Sis Rabbit reached home she foun' Brer Rabbit sad an' 'jected-like, wipin' de dishes on her apron, an' a mournin over de lection jes like your pa does sometimes.

"Cheer up, Hubby," sez Sis Rabbit, a-takin off her bonhit. "Don't you worry no more, we's fixed it up fer yez, Brer Wolf knows he's 'feated, an' he lef town quicker an' his feets could carry 'em Brer Owl is lected 'stead, an' you is vited to de gran' 'Naugural Banquet tomorrow night."

Brer Rabbit didn't say nothin.

"Ice cream an' lasses-cake an' limanade an'—

Brer Rabbit didn't say nothin', he jes scratched his head.

"More ice cream an' more 'lasses-cake an' more limonade an' sugar-cane candy an'—

"Um-m-m," sez Brer Rabbit, an' he smacks his lips, an' he gets all smily 'bout de whiskers. "Brer Owl 'll do al right, I reckon," sezee.

"Yes, an' de suffridgers 'cided atter dis we meet at de same time you min meet," sez Sis Rabbit, easy like an' nateral.

Brer Rabbit smile all gone, he look like 'gusted, he did.

"An' we're goin' to serve 'frishment to all you min atter 'lections is finished—ice cream an' 'lasses-cake, an' mushrooms an' strawberry short-cake an'—an'

"Um-m-m," sez Brer Rabbit, an licked his chops some more.

Den Sis Rabbit she jes wunk to herself, she did, an' sez, "Des as I expected, de way into politics is thro' de min's stummicks."

Discourages Midnight Dances.

The semi-annual conference of the priests of the Altoona diocese was held last Friday in St. John's hall, Altoona. The Rt. Rev. Eugene A. Garvey, bishop of the diocese, presided, and every priest in the diocese was present except those excused for sick calls. Over 100 of the clergy were present.

The Rev. Father J. L. Tolan, rector of Holy Trinity church at Huntingdon, read a paper on "Restitution Arising Out of the Bankruptcy Law." Following the reading of the paper a general discussion arose on the disposition of money made by wills, when the testator fails to comply with legal conditions and leaves some money for charitable purposes. This discussion brought up several points which were discussed freely.

Bishop Garvey made a stirring appeal to the assembled priests for a generous collection for the orphanage at the Summit. The collection is now being taken up, and as the orphanage is wholly a charitable institution, considerable money is necessary for its support. Bishop Garvey asked also the priests to discourage the midnight dances, so popular in the coal mining regions of Cambria and other counties. He stated that in small cities and towns these dances were distinctly immoral and that the Catholic young men and women should be warned against their evil influence. The bishop discouraged dancing generally throughout the dioceses.

Orchard Inspectors Not Agents.

State Zoologist H. A. Surface, from his Harrisburg office says:

"We take this opportunity to say that no person connected with this office is an agent for any apparatus, insecticide, or material of any kind. The inspectors and demonstrators have especially been cautioned against acting as agents or offering for sale any kind of material, publications or wares, or buying fruits or produce for speculation, and also have no right to make any private charge for services or advice. Further, they are to pay their own expenses, and give their entire time to the work in which they are engaged by the State. Most of them understand this and are acting accordingly. One or two have been found acting as agents and were dropped from the pay roll of the State. If at any time any person representing himself as either permanent or temporary assistant, inspector or demonstrator from this office should attempt to act as agent for any firm by selling any trees, apparatus or material, we request persons to help us in learning such facts by sending us notification at once.

"Such persons should be arrested as impostors, and held until we can come and take such action as may result in stopping the questionable practice of rascals who misrepresent themselves as the agents or representatives of the State, generally for the purpose of securing some illegal gain.

"All inspectors and demonstrators of this office are provided with signed certificates of appointment and personal credentials by which they can be known."

Young Couple Married.

On Thursday forenoon, October 17, 1912, William F. Albright, of Curtin and Miss Sarah Edna Martin, of State College, were united in marriage at the United Evangelical parsonage on Willow Bank street, by Rev. A. F. Weaver.

George T. Craddock, Ruble, Ark., says: "I was bothered with lumbago for seven years so bad I could not work. I tried several kinds of kidney medicine which gave me little or no relief. Two bottles of Foley Kidney Pills cured me and now I can do any kind of work. I cheerfully recommend them to my friends." Sold by C. M. Parrish.

SOME PLAIN TALK ON THE TARIFF

The Need of Sanity as Well as Honesty Now Demanded.

DEADLY PARALEL ON T. R.

Arguments to Show That the Payne Act as a Revenue Producer Had a Beneficial Effect, While the Wilson Bill Spread Havoc Among Our Domestic Industries—Government Under Republican Rule Only Safeguard Against Return of These Conditions.

By THEODORE JUSTICE.

There is not now, nor has there been, any widespread demand here for change in our tariff law. Of course, no tariff law is perfect. The Payne act corrected the errors of the previous acts, and is probably as near perfect as any tariff law we shall ever produce. It reduced the duty on some forms of iron and steel about 50 per cent because it could do so and refused to alter schedule K because it could not be done without injury to all. Human ingenuity could not frame a tariff law that would suit everybody, and if we revised the tariff now there would at once again be a clamor for further revision by some dissatisfied faction. The law we have has worked so well, on the whole, that even leading Democrats acquiesced in it until stirred to activity by political agitators who used tariff revision downward for their own selfish advantage.

The president of the United States has been most emphatic in expressing his views upon the matter, and these are to the effect that when a tariff law is working reasonably well, as it is now, it ought not to be disturbed unless the benefits to result from a change will manifestly outweigh the acknowledged disadvantages.

Ex-President Roosevelt's earnest desire to avoid unnecessary disturbance to business during his term is shown in a public speech in which he stated: "I addition to honesty, we need sanity No honesty will make a public man useful if that man is timid or foolish; if he is a hot-headed zealot, or an impracticable visionary, for the wild preachers of unrest and discontent the wild agitators against the existing order, the men who preach destruction without proposing any substitutes for what they intend to destroy, or who propose a substitute far worse than the existing evils—all these men are the most dangerous opponents of real reform. If they get their way they will lead the people into a deeper pit than any into which they could fall under the present system.

"More important than all else is the welfare of the wage earner, the welfare of the tiller of the soil, and upon these depend the welfare of the entire nation."

If the ex-president could have seen himself as he is now in 1912 his words then would have been prophetic.

Those who advocate reciprocity insist that we must invite importations if we wish to increase our exportations. The figures showing the actual commerce of this nation, disprove this assertion.

They show that if we place the tariff on some articles sufficiently low to insure a greater influx of foreign goods the doors of trade will automatically open to us, and we will have an abundant outlet, but an examination of the records shows nothing to justify this claim.

Never has there been a period of low tariff that has not resulted in less importations, nor a period of high tariff that has not resulted in larger importations. This is because when our people are prosperous, as they are today under the Payne-Aldrich tariff act, they buy everything in sight and send abroad for more.

When they are suffering from the effects of the tariff for revenue only or from unwise reciprocity, they are unable to consume, and therefore import little.

Whenever the American people buy their woolens, and their iron and steel and their articles of every-day consumption abroad, American producers of those articles are out of employment, and our consumptive capacity is reduced to a minimum.

Danger In Tariff Revision.

In three months after the ways and means committee of the house of representatives begins to revise the tariff on the lines recommended by Woodrow Wilson and Chairman Underwood symptoms of a financial panic will appear, which may be a worse panic than any this nation has ever known. This is because wages and the standard of living through the long period of abounding prosperity have reached such heights that they would now have further to fall to the free trade level than ever before.

Speaking of the attacks upon the tariff, the vice presidential nominee on the Democratic ticket says "it is urgent mainly owing to the fact that we sell some products in foreign markets at lower prices than we obtain for them at home." This seems to act like a red flag to a bull, and the American people seem not to understand that while our industries are stimulated by the tariff at times there must be moments of over-production, and our surplus has then to be sold in foreign markets at whatever it will be 100 per cent. When (the duty remaining fixed) the price of stockings fell to 50 cents a pair the duty would be 200 per cent. If the stockings should fall to 10 cents a pair the fixed duty would be 1000 per cent.

The important question, of course, is not what is the percentage of duty upon stockings, but what do you have to pay for a pair? You can buy today in the great shops two pairs of good half hose for 25 cents, and there is no peril in the assertion that never since the world was made could you get, tariff or no tariff, so good hosiery for so little money.

The reasons are, first, that the home supply because the industry had tariff protection, is abundant and excellent, and, second, that the Americans, solely because that industry (and therefore the incentive) was here, have invented the most wonderful and productive knitting machinery.

CHARLES HEBER CLARK.

The Government and the Farmer.

Thoughtless people sometimes say why should the government give aid and comfort, through the instrumentality of a tariff law, to a single class of citizens—the manufacturers?

The aid is to be given, of course, where it is needed. Builders, lawyers, retailers and so forth are sufficiently protected by nature. The manufacturer gets help where it is required. The farmer, also, let us note, gets it far more abundantly where he requires it.

Do you ever reflect upon what our government has done and now does, for the American farmer?

Millions of farms were given, years ago in the west, to the farmers absolutely without charge. The government never gave a mill to a manufacturer. Other millions of farms have been sold by the government, and now are selling, at the lowest of low prices.

The nation maintains an agricultural department (the manufacturers have no department), which costs from ten millions to twelve million a year. This department not only distributes vast quantities of seeds, but it instructs the farmers analyzes their soils, improves their animals, destroys at great cost the cotton boll worm and injurious insects and helps them to stamp out diseases in plants and animals.

Hundreds of millions are spent in construction of irrigation works so that poor land may be redeemed for the farmers, and in divers and sundry other ways the American farmer is assisted, encouraged, upheld and made the object of incessant large expenditures.

No man may complain of this. It is well done. That is what a government is for, to do for the people the things that they cannot do for themselves. We are the government. The money is ours. All these toilers are our brethren. All are Americans. Their welfare is our welfare. The soil feeds every man of us. The huge expenditure for the splendid development of agriculture is an investment of a common fund for the benefit of all.

But if this be true for the farmer, why is it not true for the manufacturer? The farmer, rightly, gets enormous sums of money as a gratuity from the treasury and he is the constant object of solicitous—almost maternal—attention.

What does the manufacturer get? Absolutely nothing but shelter for his business from a powerful foreign rival, whose highest felicity would be the annihilation of his American competitor.

CHARLES HEBER CLARK.

How a Tariff For Revenue Works.

Imports of all kinds in the twelve months ending June 30, 1912, amounted to $1,653,426,174, of which $881,743,144 were free of duty, while less than half, or $771,683,030, were dutiable and competitive articles. Should the tariff-for-revenue policy prevail, and the rates of duty be lowered, the dutiable imports would have to increase in quantity to keep the revenue where it now is; and the lower the duties the greater would have to be the volume of imports in order to maintain the revenue.

Now it would seem clear that the present policy of getting an average of about 41 per cent on $771,683,030 worth of dutiable imports, or considerably more than $300,000,000 of revenue, is a better policy than that of reducing the duty to, say, a 30 per cent average and being compelled to double the importation of competitive merchandise in order to get that $300,000,000 of revenue.

In the latter case we should have to import more than $1,500,000,000 a year of foreign merchandise that would take the place of a good deal more than a billion and a half of domestic production. Think this over and see whether a protective tariff on $771,000,000 of imports is not better than a revenue tariff on a billion and a half dollars' worth of foreign-made goods.

Millions For Defense.

If it be worth while to spend hundreds of millions every year for battleships, in making ready for a gunpowder war which is likely never to come, why is it not well to employ for our protection our available law machinery for service in a commercial war at this very moment raging the world over?

Commerce is indeed war—and merciless war. No tidings could bring to Europeans a thrill of joy equal to that which would come to the old world if announcement should be made that one-half the manufacturing power of the American nation were wrecked and ruined and finally forever wiped out of existence.

CHARLES HEBER CLARK.

THE REPUBLICAN.

Bellefonte, Pa., October 24, 1912

CHARLES E. DORWORTH, - Ed. & Pub.

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THE REPUBLICAN TICKET

For President.
WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT.

For Vice President
JAMES S. SHERMAN.

State Treasurer,
Robert K. Young.

Auditor General
A. W. Powell.

Congress at Large,
Fred E. Lewis,
Arthur R. Rupley,
John M. Morin,
Anderson M. Walters.

Congress,
Charles E. Patton.

Assembly,
C. L. Gramley.

TIME'S ALMOST UP.

Twelve days from today you will go to the polls and cast your vote for one of several candidates for President. You will in reality cast your vote for your own personal welfare in the four years to come. It is but natural that every man wants to do what he believes to be best for himself and those dependent upon him. That is a duty he owes to himself and those nearest and dearest to him.

The time for the voter to decide what is likely to be best for his interests is before the election. All the deciding in the world won't help matters after election day. Once the vote is cast and counted the artful politician will have no use for you. Every voter should decide for himself how to vote to continue good times. Times are either good or they are bad. As a rule there is not much medium to it. Good times or bad times hinge upon how the presidential election goes. Twelve days from today there will be such an election and upon it will hinge what shape business is to take until 1917. That's a long way off, but that's what it means. The danger of having bad times until 1917, at least, should appeal to every man who earns his living and provides for a family.

At this stage of the situation it is pretty generally conceded that the result of the election lies between President Taft and Governor Wilson. With all due respect to Colonel Roosevelt, it is the calm, considerate judgment of political observers that he stands no chance whatever of being elected. Therefore the victory will be for either President Taft or the Democratic nominee. As we have noted before, Republicans have differed as between Taft and Roosevelt. Now, however, the issue has reached a broader scale. It has reached the point where business prosperity is endangered by the likelihood of Republican defeat and the adoption of free trade in place of the protective tariff. There is still a chance to avert such a calamity. This is by Republicans sinking personal differences, forgetting resentment and banding themselves together by the common bond of being willing to make the best of the situation as it actually exists. It takes more courage to vote for a candidate you may not like personally than for one who happens to have captured your fancy. But when it is a matter where your individual vote will either help or injure things isn't it a pretty good plan to display the courage to do what you honestly believe to be for the best for yourself and also for your neighbor?

In presenting this plain statement of fact we are casting aside all the selfishly-designed arguments of politicians whose sole purpose is to influence and sway your vote. That is the politician's stock in trade. In other words, that's his business. And the politician is in business strictly for himself. No politician can deliver your vote unless you are willing to be a party to it. After all his pretty phrases are uttered, you alone have the deciding in your hands. The bitterest opponent of President Taft must concede that he is a pretty good President, for if he were not is it at all likely that we should now be living in such a period of business prosperity and good times in general? And when President Taft's enemies concede this much isn't it sound doctrine for the voter who wants to do what is for the best to vote to continue the good times? The result of the election will, to our mind, depend upon the sober-minded, conservative judgment of thinking men as they decide for themselves in the next twelve days how they shall vote. If it happens that you are a voter undecided as to what course to pursue, just keep before you the very true fact that the smooth-tongued politician who is such a good friend now is a very scarce article after election day, and especially when times are somewhat down at the heel.

"LET US HOLD FAST TO THAT WHICH IS GOOD."---M'KINLEY.

ROOSEVELT HOME

Colonel's Physicians Order No Campaign Work During Next Ten Days.

Colonel Roosevelt isback at his home at Oyster Bay, well on the road to complete recovery from the gunshot wound inflicted upon him at Milwaukee. The bullet has not been removed, and probably will not be for some time. It is lodged against a rib and in the judgment of the physicians there is no need of haste in removing it. Colonel Roosevelt expects to eventually have it removed and wear it as a watch charm.

If he obeys the orders of his physicians Colonel Roosevelt will not engage in campaign work for the next ten days. The wound in his chest is about healed, but those attending him declare that he requires rest following the shock to his system. He probably will address a political meeting in New York city on the night of October 30th. While Colonel Roosevelt will be compelled to remain at home during the next ten days he will occupy his time in attending to correspondence, dictating political statements, etc.

Mrs. David McKinney Dead.

A beautiful life was brought to a close when death on Monday claimed all that was mortal of Mrs. David McKinney, a well known and highly respected resident of Howard. By her many splendid qualities she had so endeared herself to those who were privileged to know her intimately that the news of her passing away was received with expressions of the deepest sorrow. Before her marriage Mrs. McKinney was Miss Mary Kathryn Hogan. She was born in 1837 and lived her entire life in Howard. She was educated at Notre Dame. She was married to David McKinney. She was a noble and Christian woman and was a devoted member of the Roman Catholic church. She was the mother of two children: Demert, who died in 1893, and Father Logan McKinney, who is now located in Altoona.

Funeral services were held in the Catholic church at Howard on Wednesday, conducted by Father McKinney, her son, assisted by four priests. Interment was made in the Catholic cemetery in Bellefonte.

Mrs. Joseph Ross Dead.

Mrs. Joseph Ross died at her late home at Pleasant Gap on Tuesday morning, last, at 3.30 o'clock, the result of a stroke of paralysis suffered on the previous day. She had returned home from a trip to Niagara Falls on Sunday and was apparently in the very best of health. The news of her death was a profound shock to a large number of admiring friends. Funeral services will held at Pleasant Gap at 2 o'clock this Thursday afternoon, Rev. D. J. Frum officiating. Interment will be made in the Pleasant Gap Lutheran cemetery. Mrs. Ross was aged 70 years and was born at Coleville. Before her marriage she was Miss Mary Elizabeth Tate. Her husband preceded her to the grave about ten years ago. Surviving to mourn the loss of the kindly and devoted mother are these children: William, of Pleasant Gap; Charles and Mrs. Emma Cowdrick, of Niagara Falls, and Mrs. Burd Eckenroth, Belle and Lida, of Pleasant Gap.

Alfred Jones Dead.

Alfred Jones, for many years actively identified with the business life of Philipsburg, died at his late home at that place last Friday morning, aged 70 years, 10 months and 9 days. For more than thirty years he was engaged in the hardware, grocery and dry goods business. He was a substantial, worthy citizen and his loss is deeply felt in the community which he lived. He was married to Miss Rebecca Bailey, of Stormstown, who receded him to the grave last March. Surviving are three children, all residing in Philipsburg: Mrs. W. W. Andrews, Paul and Edward. These brothers and sisters also survive: Mrs. Clara Mayer, of Wilkinsburg; Owen, of Windber; Mrs. M. L. Ganoe, of York; George E., of Osceola, Miss Ella, of Harrisburg, and Harry, of Philipsburg.

Mrs. J. H. Stott Dead.

Word was received in Bellefonte on Tuesday evening announcing the death of Mrs. James H. Stott at Harrisburg. The Stott family are well known in Bellefonte. Mrs. Stott and her husband some years ago removed from Bellefonte to Harrisburg, where they made their home with one of their daughters, Mrs. Joseph Frantz. The message conveying the news of Mrs. Stott's death stated that it had been very sudden and due to a stroke of paralysis. Surviving the deceased are her husband, James H. Stott, and these children: Mrs. W. R. Jenkins, of Bellefonte; Mrs. Joseph Frantz and Mrs. Edward Rankin, of Harrisburg; Mrs. Jennie Seigal, and James, of Reading, and Jerry, of Denver, Col.

Bellefonte Markets.

Corrected by the John Meese store.

Eggs, per dozen	.32
Butter, per pound	.30

Bellefonte Grain Market.

Corrected by Gamble, Gheen & Co.

Wheat, white or mixed	.90
Wheat, red	.90
Corn, shelled (per bu.)	.80
Corn, ears (per bu.)	.80
Oats, (per bu.)	.40
Rye, (per bu.)	.70
Barley, (per bu.)	.60
Buckwheat, (per bu.)	.55

Cures baby's croup. Willie's daily cuts and bruises, mamma's sore throat grandma's lameness—Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—the great household remedy.

Mrs. Bertha M. Cox Dead.

Mrs. Bertha May Cox, wife of Morris R. Cox, died last Friday evening at Tyrone. The young wife and mother became ill about six months ago with tuberculosis. Deceased was a daughter of Daniel and Mary Reeder. She was born in Lock Haven, November 22, 1883. When she was aged about eight years she moved with her parents to Tyrone. On May 19, 1910, she was united in marriage to Morris Robert Cox. Surviving to mourn her death are her husband and three children, Fred, Daniel and Anna: also her parents, Daniel and Anna Reeder, and the following brothers: Fred, Mack, Boyd and John.

Funeral services were held Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock, conducted by the pastor of the deceased, Rev. C. W. Karns, of the Columia Avenue Methodist Episcopal church. Interment was made in Grand View cemetery.

Mrs. Catherine Smith Dead.

Mrs. Catherine Smith, for years a resident of Bald Eagle valley, died on Friday afternoon at the home of her son, A. L. Smith, at Clearfield, of heart trouble. Mrs. Smith was born and raised at Bald Eagle Furnace, and for a number of years was a resident of Tyrone. About a year ago she went to Clearfield. Mrs. Catherine Smith was born at Bald Eagle Furnace, July 1, 1827. She was a daughter of the late Abraham and Mary Stonebraker. Her husband, David Smith, has preceded her to the grave a number of years. Surviving to mourn her death is one son, A. L. Smith, of Clearfield, and the following brothers and sisters: Sanford Stonebraker, of Bald Eagle; Mrs. John Henchey, of San Francisco, Cal.; and Mrs. Theme McMonigal, of Altoona. Three children, William, Steven and W. Scott, have preceded the mother to the grave. Interment was made at Bald Eagle on Monday.

Deafness Cannot be Cured.

By local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

ROYAL
BAKING POWDER
Adds Healthful Qualities to the Food

Prof. Prescott, of the University of Michigan, testified before the Pure Food Committee of Congress, that the acid of grapes held highest rank as an article of food and he regarded the results from baking with cream of tartar baking powder as favorable to health.

Royal is the only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar.

Mrs. Anna McWilliams Dead.

Mrs. Annie I. McWilliams, wife of William E. McWilliams, of Rock Springs, died on Sunday afternoon, last, at 5.45 o'clock, from a complication of diseases, aged about 60 years. She had been in poor health for about three years and had been bedfast for three weeks. Her demise removes a noble Christian woman. She was a devoted member of the Presbyterian church. Besides her husband she leaves the following children: J. M., of Tyrone; John and Harold, of Johnstown; Misses Sarah, Isabel and Nannie, at home. She is also survived by two brothers, J. M. Goheen, of Tyrone, and R. G. Goheen, of Pennsylvania Furnace; and two sisters, Mrs. Frank Gardner and Miss Belle Goheen, also of Pennsylvania Furnace. Funeral services were conducted by her pastor, Rev. R. Campbell, at the late home at Rock Springs, Tuesday at 1 p. m. Interment at Graysville cemetery.

Appraiser for Clearfield.

Thomas W. Munro, of DuBois, has been appointed mercantile appraiser for Clearfield County.

Read "The Republican" $1 a year in advance.

Mrs. H. W. Worrick Dead.

Mrs. Clara Worrick, wife of H. W. Worrick, of Mackeyville, died on Saturday morning, last, from a complication of diseases. She was aged about 68 years and was well known and highly respected through Nittany valley. She was a devout, Christian woman and actively identified with the Presbyterian church at Mill Hall. Surviving to mourn her passing away are her husband and one daughter, Miss Susan Worrick.

Mrs. J. B. Rute Dead.

Mrs. John B. Rute died on Thursday of last week at her late home in Salona, aged almost 75 years. She was a daughter of the late Levi Snook, of Brush valley. Surviving are her husband and one son, Thomas E., of Iowa, also three daughters, Mrs. Ira E. Spangler, of Milton; Mrs. Matthew B. Miller and Mrs. Maurice E. Brungard, of Salona. One sister also survives, Mrs. Courter, of Lock Haven.

A lazy liver leads to chronic dyspepsia and constipation—weakens the whole system. Doan's Regulets (25 cents per box) correct the liver, tone the stomach, cure constipation.

SMOKE UP!

The COUPON That Gets The PREMIUMS

TWO
Hamilton Coupons
REDEEMABLE BY
THE HAMILTON CORPORATION
(Guaranteed Resources, $1,000,000.00)
This Coupon equals TWO HAMILTON COUPONS in securing the beautiful and useful articles described in our handsomely illustrated catalog, upon conditions stated therein. Send COUPONS by mail or express, prepaid, to
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2-4-6 West 45th Street, NEW YORK
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Exchange The COUPONS For The Finest Merchandise On The Market

HAMILTON COUPONS are GIVEN BY

Büsh House Cigar Store
Arcade Billiard Room

We have adopted and will issue Hamilton Premium Coupons with all our goods because we find the Hamilton plan offers our customers a most substantial appreciation for their trade. Hamilton Premiums include everything needed for the home in the way of comforts and even luxuries.

All holders of our original Coupons can exchange them at the Z.N. Premium parlor, 252 High Street for Z.N. Stamps. You can also exchange your Hamilton Coupons for Z.N. Stamps or Premiums at any Z.N. Premium Parlor.

Hamilton Coupons are not only found with cigars but are packed with the standard goods of many manufacturers. Write for the Hamilton Premium Catalog, a list of manufacturers who pack Hamilton Coupons and 25 complimentary coupons to start your collection. Address the Hamilton Corporation, 2-6 West 45th street, New York City.

The Greatest Profit Sharing Coupon in The World

DROP IN AND GET A CATALOGUE

The County at a Glance.

Howard.

Miss Maude Thomas was a Bellefonte shopper on Wednesday.

James Kane and wife, of Zion, were here on Wednesday in attendance upon the funeral of the late Mrs. David McKinney.

Charlie McMurture was greeting friends here on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Leathers visited over Sunday with friends in Altoona.

The Joseph Schencks are entertaining Mrs. S. P. Schenck and Mrs. Wilson, of Clearfield.

Dixon Hall and family moved to Erie on Monday.

O. M. Lucas spent Sunday here with his mother.

The funeral of the late Mrs. David McKinney on Wednesday was largely attended. She was held in the very highest esteem in this community. Among those in attendance were John Miles, of Milesburg, and R. B. Taylor, of Bellefonte.

Mrs. Orrin Allison has been among the sick the past week.

Mrs. Ida Showers Diehl, of Nittany, visited relatives here this week.

William Rossman, the shoemaker, is kept on the jump these days, meeting the constantly growing demands by satisfied patrons.

Joe Hayes, of Mackeyville, purchased quite a number of beef cattle from farmers in this section during the last week or so.

George Harter has recently shipped several car loads of sheep from this section.

Misses Ruth and Bertha Schenck, of Hillside farm, spent Wednesday with her sister, Mrs. T. A. Pletcher.

Mrs. Wagner and Mrs. D. M. Briggs were Bellefonte shoppers on Tuesday.

There will be a pie and cake sale on Saturday, November 2nd, at W. F. Hall's under the auspices of the Ladies Aid Society.

Harry Packer, of Beech Creek, made a business trip here between trains on Tuesday morning.

G. L. Williams was home from Friday until Monday evening. This week he is in Cleveland and Steubenville, Ohio.

Mrs. Kate Bechdel, who spent a week with her daughter at State College, is home again.

Mrs. John Miles, of Milesburg, visited with friends here on Tuesday.

Will McClintock and wife, of Clintondale, visited over Sunday at the W. L. Cook home.

Balser Weber returned home on Sunday morning after a week's visit in Phiadelphia.

Mrs. W. H. Gardner, of Renovo, visited with Howard friends last week.

Mrs. S. I. Reber and Mrs. Curtis Fox visited with the Newton Bickler family in Nittany valley.

Will Loder is visiting with his sister in Bellwood.

Tom Pletcher and Edward Green hitched a spliced team in a carriage last Sunday and took their wives along for a drive, stopping at John Keister's, at Lamar.

A. A. Pletcher and wife took a drive through the valley, landing in Clintondale at the hospitable home of James G. Hayes, father of Mrs. Pletcher.

Reuben Lucas, who has been ill, is again able to be about, and like the grand old man he is busy.

Dr. Oldring, veterinarian of this place, is a busy man administering to the wants of suffering animals. He has given excellent satisfaction.

The following is a list of officers of Lick Run Lodge, I. O. O. F:
Harry Masden, N. G.
Alvin Kline, V. G.
John Weber, Secretary.
H. E. Jenkins, Recording Secretary.
G. A. Woore, R. S. to N. G.
Earl Confer, L. S. to N. G.
John Baney, W.
James Kane, C.
Leonard Confer, R. S. S.
Frank Kline, L. S. S.
A. A. Pletcher, Chaplain.
W. B. Henderson, I. G.
Lot Neff, R. S. to V. G.
Andrew Cox, L. S. to V. G.
John Schenck, H. A. Moore and Abe Weber, Trustees.

Pine Grove Mills.

Dr. Ella Smiley, of Altoona, is visiting her aged grandmother on Water Street.

Hirsey Harpster, wife and family were welcome visitors at the Henry Houck home here this week.

C. L. Gramley was here last week looking up his political fences for the next Legislature.

District Attorney Fortney was here on official business on Tuesday.

Congressman Charles E. Patton was here last week, looking up old friends and making new ones.

Saturday George Irvin will offer at public sale a lot of choice stock.

Robert Wigton will go West after disposing of his entire stock and farm implements on October 30th.

Harry N. Koch is quitting and selling out, rump and stump, on November 12th. He is going to New York to qualify himself in the embalming and undertaking business.

Hon. P. Gray Meek, D. G. Meek and Milo Campbell on Friday made a survey of the Meek cemetery with a view to erecting a new fence and doing general repairing.

The ladies circle of the Bethel church are just richer by $85, the proceeds of their supper and bazaar in the hall Saturday evening. Miss Cora Corl was the fortunate one to receive a beautiful quilt.

The young bloods are arranging for a Hallow'een hop in the I. O. O. F. hall on the evening of the 30th. Everybody invited to participate in the elastic step.

S. A. Dunlap is on the broad of his back with an attack of lumbago.

Mt. Eagle.

Saturday was pay day with Anderson Bros., and everybody was made happy with the welcome envelopes. It took about $15,000 to pay the men.

Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Colson were passengers to their home in Bellefonte on Saturday evening. Mr. Colson is a foreman for Anderson Bros.

Mr. and Mrs. Austin Reeder and daughter were visitors in Bellefonte between trains on Saturday evening.

Thomas Lucas and two sons were shopping visitors to Bellefonte on Saturday.

Pat Wagner, Robert Hayes and Harry Getting transacted business in Bellefonte on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Aikey, of Bellwood, visited over Sunday with Mrs. Aikey's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Deitz.

Miss Ethel Bitner and niece, Pearl Leathers, were in Lock Haven on Saturday, taking in the sights and doing some shopping.

Aunt Martha Packer departed on Friday for Braddock, where she will visit her two boys who are working for the Westinghouse Company.

John Thomas, who is working on the railroad, a day or two ago had his fingers almost pinched off.

Mr. and Mrs. Austin Reeder were in Tyone on Sunday to attend the funeral fora daughter of Mr. Reeder's brother.

Miss Mann, of Bellefonte, visited over Sunday here with Miss Anna Deitz.

Miss Fisher and brother, of Milesburg, spent Sunday with their sister, Mrs. William Tice, on the Tice farm.

Rev. Mr. Dunning on Sunday afternoon preached in the Kennedy M. E. church, and on Monday night started evangelistic services at the Curtin church. All are cordially invited.

Clair Leathers, of Howard, was a Sunday caller at the home of Miss Florence Leathers in Mt. Eagle.

Will Wells, who lives near Bellefonte, visited on Sunday with his uncle, J. F. Deitz.

Hublersburg.

The box social given on Saturday evening by the students of the High School, was a decided success The proceeds will be used for the benefit of the library and the tennis court.

Charles Whitman and daughter, of Renovo, were visitors at the nome of Mrs. P. A. Hinds.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fravilin, of Iowa, have been visiting here among relatives and friends.

Lulu Glossner and Willard Yearick were visitors on Sunday with A. H. Spayd and family.

Madaline Spayd, after visiting for some time in Centre Hall, has returned home.

Commission Service will be observed next Sunday in the United Evangelical church of this place.

W. E. Kessinger, who has been recently discharged from the Lock Haven hospital, paid a visit to his mother, Mrs. J. R. Kessinger, on Friday.

Clarence Rossman and wife, of Clintondale, visited over Sunday with Mrs. Franklin Carner.

Rev. Mr. Hoover and wife visited last week with their parents in Dauphin County.

Miss Sue Danley, of Pine Grove, is visiting at present with her sister, Mrs. McCormick.

Ezra D. Rathmell, teacher at Island, Pa., spent the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Rathmell.

Mr. and Mrs. Halloway Hoy made a business trip to Bellefonte on Monday.

Woodward,

Samuel Orndorf and family spent Saturday at the home of his mother, Mrs. Phoebe Wise.

Irvin Smith and family and Cleveland Smith and family spent Sunday with friends here.

After spending six weeks with her brothers and sisters in town, Mrs. Amelia Williams returned to her home in Missiouri the beginning of the week.

Quite a number of people from town attended Dennis Musser's sale Saturday afternoon.

Having spent a few days at the C. H. Hosterman home Mrs. Herbert Hosterman and two children, Isabelle and Herbert, departed for their home in Buffalo, N. Y., last Friday.

Henry Treaster and daughter, Miss Grace, returned to their home in Reedsville last Saturday.

John Kefner, of Tamaqua, is spending some time in town.

John Haines left for Renovo Monday afternoon, at which place he is employed.

Not

crude, compressed gas, but refined, distilled gasoline—call for

Waverly Gasolines

Power Without Carbon

FREE—320 page book—all about oil.

WAVERLY OIL WORKS CO.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

LAMP OILS *LUBRICANTS*

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children Break up Colds in 24 hours, relieve Feverishness, Headache, Stomach troubles. Teething Disorders and Destroy Worms. At all druggists, 25c Sample mailed FREE Address, Allen Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y.

Blanchard.

[illegible] was here the last week or more, visiting with relatives preparatory to going to Camden, N. J., where he will remain during the winter.

H. W. Smith, Commercial telephone manager at Bellefonte, was in this section last week looking up his company's interest.

Mrs. William Bumgardner and two interesting little children, from Jersey Shore, recently visited here with her sister, Mrs. Clarence Bitner, and her brother, Joseph Bumgardner.

Word has been received here to the effect that William I. Haagen, who was last week reported missing from his home in Buffalo Valley, Snyder County, has returned to his home.

Mrs. Edward O. Dyer, of Knowlton, Providence of Quebec, Canada, has been greatly enjoying a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Kunes.

A number of persons here report a second crop of raspberries this year. In Captain James A. Quigley's garden are some vines with a second crop of berries which are nicely ripened.

Auctioneer Al. Schenck, of Howard, will handle the hammer at the sale of John Liggett, at Beech Creek, who will dispose of the greater part of his household goods on Saturday morning, October 26th. He will offer quite a large number of articles for sale. The lot will include a good sleigh and a buggy.

Tibbius Gunsallus, a son of Mr. and Mrs. David Gunsallus, was last week operated on for appendicitis in the Jersey Shore hospital. The appendix was found to be in a very bad condition. The inflammation had advanced so far that the appendix had bursted. For a time his condition was extremely grave, but now he is believed to be on the road to recovery.

NO EXCUSE THIS TIME

The Past Shows That Democratic Success and National Disaster Are Inseparable.

For those who voted into power a Democratic low tariff administration twenty years ago there was the excuse that they had no lesson of experience to warn them from their course. More than thirty years had passed since the enactment of a protective tariff, industries were flourishing, wages rising and the treasury had a considerable surplus. There was a feeling that Cleveland had not been accorded a fair opportunity to prove that "a tariff for revenue only" would benefit the country, and while the issue was still in the balance came a desperate labor struggle, amounting to a local war to inflame the public mind and evoke a demand for some action on the part of the national government to curb the power of large corporations. The Sherman law, enacted by the Republican Congress, and signed by President Harrison July 2, 1890, was in force, but its powers had not been invoked, and its scope had not been determined by the highest judicial authority. Mr. Cleveland's supporters argued that radical reduction of the tariff would restrain corporate greed and prove a cure-all for economic evils. Mr. Cleveland himself took substantially this ground in his inaugural address.

The facts of history are that the tariff was reduced to a revenue basis, the Sherman law remained dormant, capital shrank from investment, factories were closed or ran on short time, business languished because very few had money to buy, prices went down for the same reason, the farmer could not sell his produce, and hundreds of thousands of unemployed workers had to live on the savings of former prosperity or, if they had no savings, on charity. A large number of the unemployed formed what was known as "Coxey's army" and marched on Washington to demand relief.

Such were the conditons under the last Democratic administration, and the people waited longingly and repentingly for that four years to pass. Knowing that modified free trade had proved a failure, the Democrats offered free silver as their next panacea, but the people would have none of it and when 1896 came Republican rule and Republican policies were voted in with a whoop.

Fifteen years have passed since a protective tariff was restored in 1897. Under President Taft the nation has achieved a height of prosperity far exceeding any in the past. Every legitimate industry is active, wages are higher than ever before, and the savings banks teem with thousands of millions of dollars of the wage earners' money. The Sherman act has been and is being enforced against every violator, and important legislation has been enacted for the greater protection of employees of public service corporations within the jurisdiction of federal authority.

With the lesson of the last Democratic administration before the people a step backward in the same direction would have no sensible excuse. When disaster followed in the wake of Cleveland's second election the plea of ignorance could be offered for the false step that had invited the lean four years of misfortune. A similar plea could not be offered in the future, should a majority decide to make the trial of another Democratic administration. In view of past experience such a change would not be from a certainty to an uncertainty; it would be from a certainty of prosperity, industrial activity and good times generally to a certainty of depression, industrial paralysis, general reaction and privation. "I told you so!" could point with accusing and unerring finger to the costly and painful lesson of 1893-97, whose moral had been set at naught, and those who had brought about the new era of wretchedness could offer no palliation for their folly.

WHAT TAFT HAS NOT DONE

(From the Baltimore Star, Rep.)

He never signed a round robin.
He never tried to muzzle the press.
He never organized an Ananias club.
He never compared himself to Lincoln.
He never organized a Bull Moose party.
He never advocated the recall of judges.
He never capitalized his hunting prowess.
He never disgraced the general of the army.
He never tried to dictate terms to the Vatican.
He never had a Wall Street tainted money backer.
He never told Great Britain how to govern Egypt.
He never encouraged muckraking or muck rakers.
He never played the drum major to attract a following.
He never turned traitor to the party that honored him.
He never imagined himself the whole Republican party.
He never humiliated an admiral after a brilliant victory.
He never around the enthusiasm of the harvester trust.
He never caused a printing office to "run out' of capital "I's."
He never favored a government by ME for ME and of ME.
He never questioned the authority of the Supreme Court.
He never said, "If they want the sword they shall have it."
He never insulted prominent citizens by calling them liars.
He never was a radical in the West and a conservative in the East.
He never was accused of appropriating to himself ideas launched by Bryan.
He never marched up to a national convention and then marched down again.
He never instructed the Attorney-General of the United States to halt a trust prosecution suit.
He never thought that association with himself would turn a corrupt political "boss" into a party "leader."
He never tried to fool all of the people some of the time, nor some of the people all of the time, nor all of the people all the time.

CONTENTMENT---NOT APATHY

But All Should Remember That Vigilance Is the Price of Prosperity.

It's contentment; not apathy. The masses of the people are satisfied. The dissatisfied are a number, large in the aggregate, but not large in proportion to the total population, who are anxious for a political eruption, in the hope of coming out on top, or higher up than they are now. The malcontents are mostly of the non-productive variety. They include a lot of young fellows who hate hard work and think that politics owes them a living, and they don't much care what happens provided they land the sinecure they are after. Like Colonel Sellers, they are for "the old flag and an appropriation."

"The shallows murmur while the deeps are dumb." The people are too busy earning money and buying and selling the good things of life to be hunting trouble which doesn't trouble them.

Satsfied as the great majority doubtless are with the administration of President Taft, its splendid record of restored confidence, of flourishing industries, of unprecedented growth of commerce at home and with foreign nations, it is not to be forgotten that vigilance is the price of prosperity as well as of liberty, and that the only way to keep the jealous drones from breaking up the busy hive is to pile up an emphatic vote for the Republican candidates and the policies they represent and thereby assure not only a continuance of the prosperity we now enjoy, but even greater prosperity in the approaching future.

Even a Free Trade Paper Sees the Point!

(New York Evening Post, Oct. 16.)

Any indication that campaign appeals to the people are based on the assumption of a high degree of intelligence in the electorate must be welcome to patriotic citizens, irrespective of party preference. It is for this reason that we have taken such keen pleasure in observing that one of the great electric signs—about sixty feet high and fifty feet wide—flashed out from the advertising tower at Broadway and Forty-third street, reads as follows:

"Remember the panic of 1893.
Remember the panic of 1907.
No panic under Taft.
Better be safe than sorry."

Here we have no rhetoric, no bombast, no appeal to prejudice or passion. The voter is simply confronted with the incontrovertible fact that during the whole three years and six months of Mr. Taft's presidency there has been no financial panic. He is left to do his own thinking. Could anything show a more sublime confidence in the intelligence of the public? The Taft managers know that a word to the wise is sufficient. The voter will say to himself: "Why has there been no panic since 1907? Is it not customary for panics to follow each other in rapid succession? Would there not have been another panic in 1910 if Roosevelt had been President, and probably one regularly every year if the terrible Democrats had been in power? The man that saved us from these calamities is surely entitled to my vote." If Taft is not elected after this what encouragement will there be for the use of sound arguments in a political campaign?

A CLEAN TOOTH NEVER DECAYS

Prevention is better than cure—It pays to care for your teeth—Begin it while young—

We carry a large line of Tooth Brushes—Prices from 5 cents to 50 cents. We have Tooth powders, washes, and pastes in great variety—Our "Aromatic Antiseptic Tooth Wash" and "Pearl Tooth Powder" have a large sale—They do the work and the price is only 25 cents each—Can you afford to loose your teeth? If not come in and we will show you how to save them.

GREEN'S PHCY. CO.

The Rexall Store

Penny-A-Word Column.

FOR SALE—Six room house on West Beaver Street. Inquire at this office.

WANTED—White pine wood. Write or inquire of P. B. Crider & Son, Bellefonte, Pa.,

FOR SALE—Good rubber tire top buggy; in first class condition; is almost new. Inquire of Dr. E. S. Dorworth, Bellefonte, Pa.

FOR SALE—Nine-ten room house; about two acres, good small orchard; one-fourth mile from Howard. Address C. M. MUFFLY, Howard, Pa.

LOST—A ring containing four keys. May be identified by the fact that a small piece of chain is attached to ring. Finder will be rewarded on returning same to this office.

LOST—A Masonic charm watch fob was lost on the street on Tuesday or Wednesday. Finder will be suitably rewarded on returning same to John Noll, Bellefonte, Pa.

GROCERY FOR SALE—An established grocery store in Bellefonte is for sale. Prospective purchasers who mean business may learn full particulars by inquiring at or communicating with "The Republican" office.

LOST—On Tuesday night Thomas Murphy lost a $20 bill somewhere between Sourbeck's store, in High Street, and the Central R. R. of Pa. station. The finder will be rewarded upon returning the same to Mrs. Murphy.

Mrs. T. A. Town, 107 6th St., Watertown, S. D., writes: "My four children are subject to hard colds and I always use Foley's Honey and Tar Compound and it soon overcame the la grippe. I can always depend upon Foley's Honey and Tar Compound and am sure of good esults." Sold by C. M. Parrish.

Women Missing 42 Years; Reappears.

"I never saw my sister when we were children but I am convinced that this woman is she."

Edward Hern of 16 West Stockton avenue Pittsburg pointed in Orphans' Court there last Friday to Mrs. Mary Linton of Leadville, Col. Mrs. Linton had said she was Mary Hern, who had been taken from her mother in Pittsburg when she was only 2 years old, and that was in 1870. The mother has never heard from her daughter in all these years and so believed her dead. Now the estate of the father, Charles C. Hern, is being settled up and the share that would come to Mary Hern, if she still lives, is $13,300.

Mrs. Sarah B. Kipp of Tarentum, the aged mother of the real Mary Hern stood trembling as she looked into the eyes of the woman who said she was Mary Hern.

"I am so sure that she is my sister," spoke up Edward Hern, the brother, "that I have made Mrs. Linton stay at my home. She has these old tin types of herself and some relatives, and the latter are the same as some pictures that we have at home. The incidents in the city's history and locations of 35 years ago that she has recalled to us in court convinces me also. I have already accepted her as my sister."

Finally Mrs. Kipp said that in the face of the evidence that she felt Mrs. Linton was her daughter and the two women embraced.

Mrs. Linton told Judge Miller that her earliest recollections of Pittsburg was when she was living in Wood Run and that then she was about 5 years old. Her grandmother, Mrs. Hughes, had formerly lived where the Postoffice now is. She went to the Point school and later went to Woods Run with a Mrs. Dennis Boland. When she was aged 15 she was taken west.

A deposition of Mrs. Elizabeth G. Siddall of Denver, Col., was read. Mrs. Siddall stated that Mrs. Linton, when she was Mary Hern at the age of 2 years was taken to raise by Mrs. Sarah Hughes, the mother of the witness. Mrs. Hughes latter marred Dennis Boland and lived in Woods Run. Mary Hern was usually called Millie Hughes, and after going west with her foster parents she went on the stage and played in a large number of cities in the west.

After he had heard all the testimony Judge Miller dismissed the claim on the estate which had been originally filed by the mother and brother.

Three Weeks

Left in which to take advantage of our

"Live Wire"
WIRING PROPOSITION

Let us repeat the proposition. Until November 16th we will accept orders to wire any residence or place of business at actual cost of labor and material. A great many have taken advantage of our liberal offer, but we have not yet heard from YOU. A telephone call will bring a representative, who can quote you definite figures of cost.

DON'T -:- DELAY

BELLEFONTE ELECTRIC CO.

LABORERS WANTED!

For New Sewage Disposal Plant

---AT---

State College

Long Job, Good Wages, Boarding on the Grounds.

Apply to

Martin & Bingham,

State College, - Penna.

Auditor's Notice.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County.

Re-Dissolution of the Centre Brick Company of Howard, Pa.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by said court to distribute the funds in the hands of Anson A. Schenck, Treasurer of said Company, hereby gives notice that he will meet the parties interested, or those who see fit to attend, at his offices in Temple Court, Bellefonte, Pa., on Monday, the 4th day of November, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock A. M., at which time and place all persons interested therein should appear and make proof of their claims or be forever debarred from participating therein.

J. THOMAS MITCHELL,
10-10-3t Auditor.

Itch! Itch! Itch!—Scratch! Scratch Scratch! The more you scratch the worse the itch. Try Doan's Ointment. It cures piles, eczema, any skin itching. All druggists sell it.

DEDICATED MONUMENT

Tribute to Memory of Pennsylvania's Dead at Culpeper, Va.

Splendidly impressive as a result of its simplicity, the dedication last Thursday afternoon of the monument to the State of Pennsylvania's dead in the National cemetery at Culpeper, Va. All Culpeper turned out to witness the ceremonies and tears and applause were mingled as the speakers recounted the deeds of the dead and the progress that had been made since the war. Company B, Second Regiment, National Guard of Virginia, composed entirely of descendants of those who fought in the Mexican, the Civil and the Spanish-American wars, took part.

Colonel S. W. Hill, of Bellevue, president of the Culpeper Monument Commission, presided. The exercises began shortly after 2 o'clock. Among others on the cemetery rostrum were Governor John K. Tener, Adjutant-General Thomas J. Stewart, Ben Owens, Jr., of Richmond, Va., Captain C. F. Humphrey, Washington, D. C.; the Rev. R. N. Holmes, of the Foundry Methodist Episcopal church, Washington, D. C.; W. George Hilden, of Virginia; Charles Howard Kline, Pittsburg, and Mrs. J. Sharp McDonald and Miss Sylvia Rosensteel, both of Sewickley, in charge of the music. Governor William Hodges Mann, of Virginia, arrived at Culpeper shortly after noon, but could not stay to take part in the exercises, and delegated the duties to Secretary Owens. Secretary of War H. L. Stimson delegated Captain Humphrey to represent him.

The guardsmen, under the command of Major E. J. Slaughter and Captain E. Gibson, took position at the left of the monument and at the unveiling by Master Charles P. Redick fired three volleys in honor of the dead. At the conclusion of the exercises the company buglers sounded taps.

After the invocation by Dr. Holmes and "Tenting on the Old Camp Ground" by Mrs. McDonald and those present Captain Humphrey welcomed the Pennsylvanians to Virginia. He was followed by Attorney Hilden on behalf of the citizens of Culpeper.

In responding Governor Tever said, in part:

"We are gathered here today to perform a solemn duty, to designate by this monument the resting place of our dead and to dedicate this spot to the memory of Pennsylvania's brave sons who here sacrificed their lives for a principle.

"We come, not in the spirit of a half century ago, but rather as neighbors upon a friendly mission, and, joining you make a company of Americans all happy now that we live a united people, serving, one government and under one flag. Therefore let us not recite our losses nor our victories, but in a spirit of fraternal tenderness pay the tribute of our State to her steadfast sons who sleep beneath your soil, and as they peacefully rest, pillowed by a nation's love, we will ever cherish the memory of their splendid manhood. They were soldiers tried and true; they died upon the altar of their country."

After the "Star Spangled Banner" President Hill made an address. At its conclusion Governor Tener in a few words asked Adjutant-General Stewart to receive on his behalf the monument and transfer it to the United States government, which he did in one of the most effective addresses of the afternoon. When he concluded there were few dry eyes among the veterans. Captain Humphrey, for the government, accepted and the speechmaking was brought to a close by Senator Kline.

After singing "God Be With You Till We Meet Again" Dr. Holmes pronounced the benediction.

Gold for Ball Players.

The world's series in base ball, ending at Boston last week turned out to be a real gold mine for the players and promoters.

The total paid attendance for the series of eight games was 252,037.

Each club's share was $147,028.85.

The National Commission's share was $49,083.30.

The total players' share, derived from the first four games only, was $147,571.69.

Of this amount the Boston players, as winners, shared 60 per cent. or $88,543.01.

The New York players, as losers, shared $9,028.69.

Each Red Sox player, of whom 22 were eligible, received $4,024.68.

Each Giant player, of whom 23 were eligible, received $2,566.46.

The figures in every case are greater than those for any previous world's series.

To feel strong, have good appetite and digestion, sleep soundly and enjoy life, use Burdock Blood Bitters, the great system tonic and builder.

ACKNOWLEDGE IT

Bellefonte Has to Bow to the Inevitable —Scores of Citizens Prove It.

After reading the public statement of this representative citizen of Bellefonte given below, you must come to this conclusion: A remedy which cured years ago, which has kept the kidneys in good health since, can be relied upon to perform the same work in other cases. Read this:

Mrs. J. F. Thal, 33 W. Thomas St., Bellefonte, Pa., says: "I am very grateful to Doan's Kidney Pills for what they have done for me. My back ached for a long time and I had severe pains in my kidneys, accompanied by headaches and attacks of dizziness. The kidney secretions caused me no end of annoyance. When my attention was called to Doan's Kidney Pills, I procured a supply at Green's Pharmacy Co. and it did not take them long to give me relief. I cheerfully recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to anyone afflicted with kidney complaint." (Statement given October 21, 1907.)

THEY NEVER FAIL.

When Mrs. Thal was interviewed on November 22, 1909 she said; "I still have unlimited confidence in Doan's Kidney Pills for whenever I have used them in the past two years, they have benefited me. You may continue to publish my former endorsement of this remedy."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.—Advt

Spanish War Vets to Meet.

The Lewisburg members of the Twelfth Regiment Spanish-American War Veterans Association have about completed arrangements for the annual reunion to be held at Lewisburg on Tuesday, October 29th., says the Lewisburg Saturday News."

At the business session in the afternoon, which will be held in the Orpheum Theatre, there will be quite a surprise for the boys. Manager Ralph Koser, one of the veterans, will show a large number of slides of pictures taken at Camp Alger and other camps of the Regiment during the War. In addition he will have three special and appropriate reels for that afternoon.

The 12th Regiment band will be in Lewisburg from noon of the reunion day until late at night, and will furnish music at the business session, during the parade and at the Camp Fire in the Court House in the evening.

A chicken supper will be served in the Armory by the ladies of one of the Lewisburg churches, this to follow the business session Among the speakers will be General Coryell, General Clement, Major King, Major Gerhart and other veterans, Judge Albert W. Johnson Congressman B. K. Focht and Burgess Stahl. The speeches will be short and sweet, and plenty of opportunity will be given the boys to tell their experiences at the various camps.

Real Estate Transfers.

Recorder Francis Speer has recorded the following real estate transfers.

John E. Rider, to Marietta Field, lot in Ferguson township; $1.

Thomas Foster, et al, to Jennie L. Atkinson, lot in State College, $300.

Alton Nelson, et ux, to Edward Fry, lot in Philipsburg; $1.

James W. Cowfer, et ux, to Charles Chesick premises in Rush township; $700.

John J. Wayne, et ux, to John W. Cowfer, et ux, premises in Rush township; $1.

Luther M. Tobias, et ux, to Penna R. R. Co. tract in Howard township; $2100.

James O. Clark, et ux, to John W. Dale, premises, in State College; $3000.

William L. Foster, et al, to Harvey Sowers, premises in State College; $600.

Hammond Sechler, et ux, to F. Anna Sechler, premises in Bellefonte; $2823.75.

F. Anna Sechler, to J. Alice Sechler, premises in Bellefonte; $2823.75.

W. W. Jamison, admr., to Elias Confer, 2 tracts in Gregg township; $270.

Woman to Carry Mail.

Mrs. Harry E. Flick, of Muncy, has received official notice that she had been appointed substitute mail carrier on Muncy R. F. D. No. 6. Her husband is the regular carrier. Mrs. Flick is the first woman to be appointed mail carrier at Muncy. She made her first trip over the route last Friday.

Mrs. Paul Wehling, 316 Smith St., Peoria, Ill. had kidney and bladder trouble, with terrible backache and pain across the hips. Just imagine her condition. She further says: "I was also very nervous, had headaches and dizzy spells, and was fast getting worse when I took Foley Kidney Pills, and now all my troubles are cured. Foley Kidney Pills have done so much for me I shall always recommend them." Sold by C. M. Parrish.

Successful Farming

According to the Government Census, twenty-three states in the Union report vegetable products valued annually at over $1,000,000 each.

The force that has revolutionized farming, that has made the waste places blossom as the rose, that has given such astounding figures to vegetables, exclusive of other farm products, is the farm telephone.

The telephone is the farmer's "stock ticker." It tells him the movements of the market and the proper time to sell.

There should be a Farm Line in your locality and you should be connected to it. Write nearest Bell Office for the free booklet: "What Uncle Sam Says About the Rural Telephone."

W. S. Mallalieu Mgr.

THE BELL TELEPHONE CO. OF PENNA.

Bellefonte, Pa.

WITH THE PUBLICS CHOOLS

What is Being Done in the State Under New School Code.

The Pennsylvania State Educational Association, which will hold its annual session in Harrisburg during holiday week, promises to be largely attended. The Educational Council of this Association is at work upon a report which will help to clear the educational atmosphere with respect to some troublesome questions now before the teachers of the country. It proposes to make a fearless inquiry into the matter of studies, the methods of instruction and the methods of administration. It will favor a thorough revision of elementary courses of study, especially in arithmetic, English, history and culture studies. It will discuss in detail the methods by which pupils are to be assisted in the choice of a vocation. Former President F. W. Robbins, Superintendent of Lebanon schools, is the president of this Council.

The teachers of Sullivan County, under the leadership of Superintendent J. E. Reese Killgore, are planning to attend in a body the Pennsylvania State Educational Association meeting at Harrisburg in December. This is the first time in the history of Pennsylvania that all of the teachers of a county have resolved to attend a State meeting.

The State Board of Education, at its meeting in Philadelphia on September 18th, declared its purpose earnestly and cordially to support the Teachers' Minimum Salary Act and the Assistant Superintendents' Act before the next Legislature, and will co-operate with all educational forces for the purpose of securing an appropriation to make effective these provisions of the Pennsylvania School Code.

During the first year of the operation of the Pennsylvania School Code three hundred and twenty-eight plans for school-houses were submitted to the State Board architect. These were examined for the purpose of determining whether or not they conformed to the Code requirements for proper light, floor space, air space, heat and ventilation.

The Crops.

Bradstreet's Report says: Good weather favors threshing operations in the northwest, and the record wheat crop of that section should be threshed in two weeks.

Corn is curing well, husking has begun, and some corn has began to move from the southwest, where dry weather has helped toward an early movement.

Winter-wheat seeding has gone forward under good conditions as to wheather and soil. Planting is about finished in Ohio and in most parts of the southwest, while in the east the crop is up to a good standard.

Cotton crop reports are of a yield short of last year in the eastern half of the belt, while the yield in the lower Mississippi valley and in the southwest is equal to or in excess of last year. The crop is moving rapidly to market.

Louisiana reports a cane-sugar crop smaller than last year, but a record rice crop is indicated.

Read "The Republican" one dollar ear in advance

INDORSED PLATFORM

Mr. Gramley Not Sure However, About Recall of Judiciary.

Republican State Chairman Wasson last Saturday made public the following letter addressed to him by C. L. Gramley, of Rebersburg, Republican candidate for Assembly.

Rebersburg, Pa. Aug. 2, 1912.

Henry G. Wasson, Esq.
Chm. Repub. State Com.
Pittsburg, Pa.

DEAR SIR:

Your letter of recent date in which you submit to me a copy of the "Platform and Resolutions" adopted by the Republican Party in covention assembled May 1, 1912, is before me.

The provisions of the State platform, generally speaking, are exceptionally good and deserve hearty endorsement.

The resolution creating the Executive and Legislative Committee is also commendable and should have the support of all who favor such progressive legislation as will raise us up to higher planes of living.

I am not now ready to unreservedly endorsen the provision in the platform which contemplates a recall of judicial decisions. Perhaps this requirement were reached if legislation were enacted, that demands the other co-ordinate branches of our State Government to be more responsive to the wishes of the people in general.

Perhaps a modified form of the recall might have my approval.

Yours very respectfully,
(signed) C. L. GRAMLEY.
Candidate for the Assembly.

THE PITTSBURG DISPATCH TO GIVE AWAY $32,000

This Section Part of Contest Territory With Automobiles and Other Prizes as Its Share.

The Pittsburg Dispatch announces a popularity voting contest, in which $32,000 in prizes will be given away to men, women and children throughout Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia and Maryland. The list of prizes is probably the largest ever offered by an American newspaper. It includes 14 touring cars, 5 playerpianos, 5 pianos, 15 diamond rings, 30 furniture outfits and 15 grafanolas.

This section is included in the contest territory and gets at least two of the automobiles and a number of the smaller prizes as its share of the list. This county should furnish a number of contestants. Any who wishes may enter without cost or obligation. Votes are obtained by clipping ballots from The Dispatch. A stipulated number of votes will also be allowed on each subscription.

Names of those who wish to enter should be sent immediately to The Dispatch Contest Department, Pittsburg, Pa.

Transparent Baby Born.

A baby girl with a transparent back, born to Mrs. Henry L. Hobots, in Allenport, is exciting the interest of physicians. Through the thin, diaphanous skin covering the back the internal organs can be seen plainly. By placing the child on its stomach the movenment of the lungs and the pulsations of the heart, etc., may be observed. The baby apparently is in good health and is perfectly normal except for the open-face feature. It is planned to place the child in a hospital in the hope of having the abnormality corrected.

Read "The Republican" $1 a year in advance.

The Main Thing About

FIRE INSURANCE

Is carrying a sufficient amount to really protect your property for after a fire one can only accept the result.

Better see to it that you are fully insured and in a company celebrated for prompt payment of losses; a good reliable company the only kind represented by us.

Also represent The Preferred Accident Insurance company of New York, which issues $5,000 Travel Policy at $12.00 per year.

Harry E. Fenlon

Temple Court - - - Bellefonte, Pa.

Real Estate Bought and Sold,
RENTS COLLECTED.

Are You Happy?

If you are it is safe to say that you enjoy good health, as it is impossible to be happy unless you are well. Noted physicians will tell you that bad stomachs and torpid livers are the cause of 95 per cent of all diseases.

For the past 42 years SEVEN BARKS has proved to be the unequalled remedy for all STOMACH, LIVER and KIDNEY troubles, and the greatest tonic and blood purifier known. It makes your digestion what it should be and keeps your entire system in good condition. Price of SEVEN BARKS is but 50 cents a bottle at all druggists. Money refunded if not satisfied. Address

LYMAN BROWN, 68 Murray St., New York, N.Y.

EDW. K. RHOADS

At his yard opposite the P. R. R. Passenger Station, sells only,
BEST QUALITIES
—(OF)—
ANTHRACITE and BITUMINOUS
COALS
Also All Kinds of
Wood, Grain, Hay, Straw and Sand.
superior Screenings for Lime Burning.
Builders and Plasterers' Sand.
TELEPHONE CALLS:
Bell 1312
Commercial 42.2

To The Ladies!

Mrs. Bertha Rupp is having a Complete Line of Famous and Perfect Fitting, for all figures,
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and will be glad to have the ladies call and be fitted.
Prices $1.00 and Upward
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FOLEY'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

FREE An Imported Chamois Complexion Cloth.

To induce you to test the superior merits of
CLOVERINE TALCUM POWDER

Your local druggist will hold a SPECIAL SALE, offering you a regular 25 cent Sifter Top can) at the reduced rate (for this sale only) of 19 CENTS, and give each purchaser an *Imported Chamois Complexion Cloth,* worth 15 cents. Ask your druggist about it.

CLOVERINE TALCUM POWDER, is a refined powder for refined people, and has won the unanimous indorsement of mothers, nurses and physicians. Refreshing and sanitary for the nursery and toilet. Soothing and healing. Only the best materials used, and scientifically compounded. Delicately perfumed with sweet Clover Blossom. Ladies here is your opportunity to try it at reduced rate, besides receiving a liberal piece of Imported Chamois Complexion Cloth for your face. Manufactured only by

THE WILSON CHEMICAL COMPANY
TYRONE, PA.

F. P. GREEN, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Farmers--Lime and Lime

Don't be a back number, make your ground produce. The use of LIME will do it. All successful farmers use

HYDRATE (H. O.) LIME.

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Write for Literature on Lime. Office :—TYRONE, PA.

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Some people dislike to open an account in a large banking institution because they think their business isn't large enough to warrant a bank account. We invite people to come in and open an account with us. We are in business to handle accounts with small concerns as well as those of magnitude, and we are ready to deal with you.

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For sale at C. M. Parrish, druggist.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Number One.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to article nine, section four, of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, authorizing the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the improvement of the highways of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section four of article nine, which reads as follows:

"Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiency in revenue shall never exceed, in the aggregate at any one time, one million of dollars," be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall never exceed, in the aggregate at any one time, one million of dollars: Provided, however, That the General Assembly, irrespective of any debt, may authorize the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the purpose of improving and rebuilding the highways of the Commonwealth.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 1.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Two.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section seven, article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, so as to permit special legislation regulating labor.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

Amendment to Article Three, Section Seven.

Section 2. Amend section seven, article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:—

"Section 7. The General Assembly shall not pass any local or special law authorizing the creation, extension, or impairing of liens:

"Regulating the affairs of counties, cities, townships, wards, boroughs, or school districts:

"Changing the names of persons or places:

"Changing the venue in civil or criminal cases:

"Authorizing the laying out, opening, altering, or maintaining roads, highways, streets or alleys:

"Relating to ferries or bridges, or incorporating ferry or bridge companies, except for the erection of bridges crossing streams which form boundaries between this and any other State:

"Vacating roads, town plats, streets or alleys:

"Relating to cemeteries, graveyards, or public grounds not of the State:

"Authorizing the adoption or legitimation of children:

"Locating or changing county-seats, erecting new counties or changing county lines:

"Incorporating cities, towns, or villages, or changing their charters:

"For the opening and conducting of elections, or fixing or changing the place of voting:

"Granting divorces:

"Erecting new townships or boroughs, changing township lines, borough limits or school districts:

"Creating offices, or prescribing the powers and duties of officers in counties, cities, boroughs, townships, election or school districts:

"Changing the law of descent or succession:

"Regulating the practice or jurisdiction of, or changing the rules of evidence in, any judicial proceeding or inquiry before courts, aldermen, justices of the peace, sheriffs, commissioners, arbitrators, auditors, masters in chancery, or other tribunals, or providing or changing methods for the collection of debts, or the enforcing of judgments, or prescribing the effect of judicial sales of real estate:

"Regulating the fees, or extending the powers and duties of aldermen, justices of the peace, magistrates or constables:

"Regulating the management of public schools, the building or repairing of school houses and the raising of money for such purposes:

"Fixing the rate of interest:

"Affecting the estates of minors or persons under disability, except after due notice to all parties in interest, to be recited in the special enactment:

"Remitting fines, penalties and forfeitures, or refunding moneys legally paid into the treasury:

"Exempting property from taxation:

"Regulating labor, trade, mining or manufacturing:

"Creating corporations, or amending, renewing or extending the charters thereof:

"Granting to any corporation, association or individual any special or exclusive privilege or immunity, or to any corporation, association, or individual the right to lay down a railroad track:

"Nor shall the General Assembly indirectly enact such special or local law by the partial repeal of a general law; but laws repealing local or special acts may be passed:

"Nor shall any law be passed granting powers or privileges in any case where the granting of such powers and privileges shall have been provided for by general law, nor where the courts have jurisdiction to grant the same or give the relief asked for.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 2
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Three.

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to section three of article eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (if the Senate concur), That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Section 2. Amend section three of article eight, which reads as follows: "All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All the elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such elections shall always be held in an odd-numbered year," so as to read:

Section 3. All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such elections shall be held in an odd-numbered year: Provided further, That all judges for the courts of the several judicial districts holding office at the present time, whose terms of office may end in an odd-numbered year, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January in the next succeeding even-numbered year.

A true copy of Concurrent Resolution No. 3.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Four.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section one of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to taxation.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Section 2. Amend section one of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:

"All taxes shall be uniform, upon the same class of subjects, within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws; but the General Assembly may, by general laws, exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes, actual places of religious worship, places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit, and institutions of purely public charity," so as to read as follows:

All taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects, within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws, and the subjects of taxation may be classified for the purpose of laying graded or progressive taxes; but the General Assembly may, by general laws, exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes, actual places of religious worship, places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit, and institutions of purely public charity.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 4.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Five.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Article IX.

Section 12. No obligations which have been heretofore issued, or which may hereafter be issued, by any county or municipality other than Philadelphia, to provide for the construction or acquisition of waterworks, subways, underground railways or street railways, or the appurtenances thereof, shall be considered as a debt of a municipality, within the meaning of section eight of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania or of this amendment, if the net revenue derived from said property for a period of five years, either before or after the acquisition thereof, or, where the same is constructed by the county or municipality, after the completion thereof, shall have been sufficient to pay interest and sinking-fund charges during said period upon said obligations, or if the said obligations shall be secured by liens upon the respective properties, and shall impose no municipal liability. Where municipalities of counties shall issue obligations to provide for the construction of property, as herein provided, said municipalities or counties may also issue obligations to provide for the interest and sinking-fund charges accruing thereon until said properties shall have been completed and in operation for a period of one year; and said municipalities and counties shall not be required to levy a tax to pay said interest and sinking-fund charges, as required by section ten of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, until after said properties shall have been operated by said counties or municipalities during said period of one year. Any of the said municipalities or counties may incur indebtedness in excess of seven per centum, and not exceeding ten per centum, of the assessed valuation of the taxable property therein, if said increase of indebtedness shall have been assented to by three-fifths of the electors voting at a public election, in such manner as shall be provided by law.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 5.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

E. S. Musser,	Socialist.	
John W. Slayton,	Socialist.	
William H. Thomas,	Industrialist.	
Albin Garrett,	Keystone.	
Charles A. Hawkins,	Keystone.	
R. A. Hutchison,	Keystone.	
Daniel W. Simkins,	Keystone.	

Pleasant Gap.

For the township of Spring, west precinct, in the township building at Oderville.

For the township of Taylor, in the house erected for that purpose at Leonard Merryman's.

For the township of Union, in the township public building.

For the township of Walker, east precinct, in the hotel of Frank Emerick in the village of Nittany.

For the township of Walker, middle precinct in Grange Hall in the village of Hublersburg.

For the township of Walker, west precinct, at the dwelling house of John Royer in the village of Zion.

For the township of Worth, in the hall of the Knights of the Golden Eagle, in the village of Port Matilda.

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You can get for the money. Then see

John F. Gray & Son

for Fire, Accident, Health, Steam Boiler, Employers Liability and Plate Glass Insurance.

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RUBBER ROOFING

Strongest MOST DURABLE Roofing Made.

One-Ply as strong as any other two-ply made. Two-ply stronger than any other three-ply made. Tear Hippo-Hide. Tear others. Nuf ced. OUTLASTS iron or steel. COSTS LESS.

Most roofings are made to buy and sell. HIPPO HIDE is made to withstand the wear and tear of the elements.

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John I. Olewine's Store.

Sole Agent, BELLEFONTE, PA

SUCCESS

All persons are born under this sign but thousands ignore the laws that make its continuance possible and sooner or later live under the sign Failure. The first step towards success in business is to have credit through proper banking connections. We offer all the facilities of a modern bank.

The First National Bank,
Bellefonte, - - - - - Penna.

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PAROID ROOFING

which is the best we know of. Don't forget the name. There are other makes named to deceive the unwary buyer. We alone sell Paroid in Centre Co.

Something New. Hazelwood Flooring.

Ceiling, Wainscoating and Finish, ready to fill and oil. It is beautiful, valuable and durable at less cost than other and less durable wood. We also sell genuine

Red Cedar Shingles

from the Pacific Coast (Not the Michigan White Cedar.)

On same terms and conditions we will furnish building material as low or lower than the mail order houses and you will keep your money circulating at home where you may get some of it back again in course of business.

We have for sale cheap, a lot of used Machinery, Engines, etc. Also shop-soiled Sash Doors, Moulding, etc. Come or write before buying elsewhere.

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Temple Court, Bellefonte, Pa

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ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office East High St., first door above Allegheny St., Bellefonte, Pa.

H. C. Quigley,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in Temple Court, South Allegheny St., Bellefonte, Pa.

Harry Keller,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in Temple Court South Allegheny St., Bellefonte, Pa.

Clement Dale,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office East High St., first door above Allegheny St., Bellefonte, Pa.

J. Thomas Mitchell,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in Temple Court, South Allegheny St. Bellefonte Pa.

Gettig, Bower & Zerby
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
Practice in all the courts, and collection promptly attended to. Office, Eagle Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

Central R. R. of Penna. Train Schedule.

Leave,
Bellefonte for Mill Hall, 7:05 A. M., 2:20 and 6:45 P. M.
Leave,
Mill Hall for Bellefonte, 8:37 A. M., 3:56 and 8:35 P. M.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

On and after Monday, Jan. 25th, 1904 trains will run as follows from the P. R. R. station.

TRAINS TO STATE COLLEGE.

	WESTWARD.	1 A. M.	3 A. M.	5 P. M.
Lv.	Bellefonte	‡ 6.30	‡ 10.15	‡ 2.00
	Coleville	6.35	10.20	2.07
	Morris	f 6.38	.....	f 2.12
	Stevens	f 6.43	.....	f 2.17
	Hunters Park	f 6.46	.....	f 2.21
	Fillmore	f 6.50	f 10.34	f 2.26
	Briarly	f 6.55	.....	f 2.32
	Waddles	7.00	10.45	2.35
	Krumrine	f 7.12	.....	f 2.56
	State College	7.25	11.10	3.20
	Strubles	f 7.27	.....	.....
	Bloomsdorf	f 7.31	.....	.....
	Pine Grove Mills	7.35	.....	3.40

* Daily, ‡ Daily except Sunday, "f" Stop flag

TRAINS FROM STATE COLLEGE.

	EASTWARD	2 A. M.	4 A. M.	
Lv.	Pine Grove Mills	7.35	.....	f 3.30
	Bloomsdorf	f 7.40	.....	.....
	Strubles	f 7.45	.....	.....
	State College	‡	.....	3.30
	Krumrine	8.00	11.50	f 5.08
	Waddles	f 8.07	.....	f 5.00
	Briarly	f 8.10	12.10	f 5.25
	Fillmore	f 8.14	.....	f 5.27
	Hunters Park	f 8.18	12.18	f 5.34
	Stevens	f 8.23	.....	f 5.40
	Morris	f 8.27	.....	f 5.40
	Coleville	8.40	12.30	f 5.56
A.	Bellefonte	8.50	12.50	f 6.00

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 and 5 for State College. Trains from trains from Montandon, Lewisburg Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna. R. R. trains at Bellefonte 10 points east and west,

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

OVER 65 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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TO make your garden a success, you will find an invaluable guide in

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AN encyclopædia on gardening, of 288 pages, 1000 splendid photo-reproductions, 4 color pages and 6 duotone plates. Full directions given for growing flowers, plants, bulbs, vegetables, lawn grass and farm seeds.

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Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents hair falling.
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BLAIR'S PILLS
SAFE & EFFECTIVE. 50c.
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OR 93 HENRY ST. BROOKLYN, N.Y.

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FOR STOMACH TROUBLE and CONSTIPATION

CHICHESTER S PILLS
THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-chester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Here and There.

Mr. and Mrs. John G. Dubbs visited on Sunday with friends in Altoona.

Milton Kerns, the barber, is enjoying a visit with friends in Cleveland, Ohio.

Edmund Blanchard left last week on a business and pleasure trip to Philadelphia.

J. Will Kepler, of Pine Grove Mills, was greeting his many friends in town yesterday.

Mrs. John Glenn, of Tyrone, was a visitor over Sunday at the home of Mrs. Robert Morrison.

Harry Green, the popular Bellefonte druggist, was a Philipsburg visitor Friday and Saturday of last week.

Miss Anna Cherry, of this place is visiting at the home of her brother, John Cherry, at Montgomery, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Crider departed on Monday afternoon for Atlantic City, planning to be gone several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Kling, of Altoona, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Rine, on East High street.

Harry Haines, who is clerking in Claster's store at Huntingdon, Pa., spent Sunday at his parents home in Bellefonte.

Mrs. George R. Meek, who has been visiting her aunt at Downington, Pa., for the past ten days returned home the forepart of the week.

Care of the teeth saves pain and money. Green's Pharmacy Co. have a large assortment of tooth powders and tooth brushes.—Advt.

Mrs. John Toner, of Philadelphia, who at one time resided in Bellefonte, is visiting with Mr. and Mrs. John Cryder, nearby Tyrone

Harry Warfel, Justice of the Peace at Philipsburg, and one of that town's most enthusiastic Republicans, was a Bellefonte visitor on Monday.

Mrs. Jacob Finkelstine returned home yesterday, following a very delightful visit in Philadelphia and Harrisburg.

Harry Thomas, who has been visiting his mother in this city, for the past few weeks, left on Monday for his home in Columbus, Ohio.

N. B. Spangler, Esq., is attending the session of the United States Court at Scranton this week, where he is interested in a trial to be heard before that tribunal.

Mrs. William Larimer departed on Monday for Jersey Shore where she will visit her son, Lee. Before returning home she will also visit friends in Williamsport.

We are sorry to note that W. L. Malin has been confined to his home since last Friday, due to a heavy cold. His many friends hope for a speedy recovery.

Mrs. Elizabeth Donnelly, of Ridley Park, near Philadelphia, announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Ellen Donnelly, and Edmund Blanchard, of Bellefonte.

The Bellefonte Presbyterians will enter their remodeled church next Sunday morning and observe the Lord's Supper. The evening service will be appropriate to the occasion.

W. L. Daggett, proprietor of the Bush House, and James Noonan, proprietor of the Brant House, yesterday went to Williamsport, to attend the State hotel men's convention.

John B. Rumberger, of the reportorial staff of the Philipsburg "Ledger" was a recent Bellefonte visitor. While in town he was a welcome and very genial caller at "The Republican" office.

Rev. Ambrose M. Schmidt and C. T. Gerberich departed on Monday for Lebanon, Pa., where they will attend the annual meeting of the Synod of the Reformed church in session there this week.

Mr. and Mrs. James Bergstresser, of Pittsburg, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh N. Crider, on East Linn Street. Mrs. Crider entertained her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Freeman, of Tyrone, over Sunday.

Stating that her daughter, Letitia, who is under 16 years of age, is incorrigible Mrs. William Bathurst this week appeared before Squire Musser and asked that she betaken into custody. A warrant wasaccordingly issued.

Charley Watson, of Clarence, was in town between trains yesterday. While his mission here was to attend to some business matters he had on hand he found time to look up some of his old friends.

Mrs. Frederick Dale and little son, Audray, who have been visiting Dr. David Dale and other relatives in this vicinity, left Monday for Fort Crook, Nebraska, to join her husband who is an officer in the regular army.

W. Harrison Walker Esq., of this place, was in Lock Haven, the latter part of last week probating the last will and testament of his father, Samuel E. Walker, of Salona, under which the former is made sole executor and trustee of a trust fund under said will.

The marriage of Miss Jessie Etters, of State College, and Howard H. Davis, of WilkesBarre, will be solemnized at the home of the bride on Weduesday, October 30th. Miss Etters is a daughter of County Superintendent of Schools and Mrs. D. O. Etters and is well and favorably known in Bellefonte.

Mr. and Mrs. Mrs. Samuel O. Malin of Baltimore, Md., were the guests during the past week, of the formers brother, W. L. Malin and family, of this place, leaving for their home Friday noon. Mr. Malin was at one time train master on the Tyrone Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad, later going to Baltimore for the same company. He is now on the retired list.

What should prove to be a rattling good game of football is scheduled for Saturday afternoon, next, at 3 o'clock, on Hughes field, between the Bloomsburg State Normal eleven and the Bellefonte Academy. Last Saturday the Bloomsburg team trimmed the Indians second eleven. The Academy has been cleaning up everything in sight and on Saturday will meet a team worth while. The Academy boys anticipate the hardest game of the season. Don't forget to be on hand, and don't roam out at 3.30, expecting that the game will not be called promptly on time. The hour is 3 o'clock and the admission is 25c.

There is scarletinain the Peter Sayler family, on Penn Street, and the house is under quarantine.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Labe, of Altoona, visited Mrs. Cyrus Labe, at the home of Mr. George Lose.

Miss Grace Lyon, one of the obliging staff of Bell Telephone Co. operators, is quite ill at her home on Penn Street.

Samuel Morrison who is employed at Tyrone, accompanied by his grandchild Eleanore Morrison, spent Sunday with his family here.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Stininger, of Hartleton, spent Monday very pleasantly at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles McCoy, on Thomas Street.

Can you afford to lose your teeth? Better care for them in time. Green's have a choice line of tooth powders and tooth brushes.—Advt.

Rev. C. W. Winey departed Wednesday morning for McEwensville, where he will address the Northumberland County Christian Endeavor convention.

Evangelistic services will begin in the United Brethren church November 17th. Rev E. G. Sawyer, of Tyrone, will be present and assist at these services.

Genial John Boyce, of Clarence, was in town between trains on Tuesday. He was enroute to State College for the day, and was accompanied by his brother from Clearfield.

The Philipsburg Journal of last Saturday says: "Harry Green, the popular Bellefonte druggist, who some years ago was a clerk in the Moshannon bank, this city, was here last evening greeting friends."

Mrs. John T. Noll, of Pleasant Gap, has just returned from a trip to Philadelphia with a complete line of Ladies' Misses and Children's millinery and wishes to extend an invitation to the public to call and inspect her fine line of goods before buying elsewhree.—Advt.

Mr. and Mrs. John Smith, of Belleville, Mifflin county, Pa. are visiting friends at Howard, Bellefonte, State College and Jacksonville. Mr. Smith who was formerly, of Jacksonville, wher he learned the Creamery business, is now in charge of a large Creamery at Belleville, Pa.

There will be a meeting of the Civic Club on Monday evening, at 7.30, in the directors' room of the New High School Building, which is the new meeting place for the club. A report will be received from the delegates to the Women's Federation of Clubs meeting at Williamsport last week.

Mr. and Mrs. John E. Isenberg, of Schenectady, N. Y., were Bellefonte visitors Monday between trains while on their way to State College, the home of Mrs. Isenberg's parents. Mr. Isenberg, who is a graduate of State College, is now chief chemi t for a large manufacturing plant at Schenectady.

Miss Anna H. Nolan, the very obliging Deputy Register of Centre County, departed on Monday for Johnstown, Pa., where she went to take the affidavit of a witness to the will of the late John Hoy, Jr., of Hublersburg, and to visit her brother-in-law, H. D. Otto and family. She returned home on Wednesday evening.

Pretty nearly everything in the line of football went the right way last Saturday for teams in and nearby Bellefonte. State College went to Cornell and hustled things through with a 29–6 victory. The Bellefoute Academy went to Williamsport and trounced Dickinson Seminary 26—3. Dickinson's only score was secured by a goal from the field after the Academy had held for three downs within a few feet of the goal line. The State College High School team was defeated by the Lock Haven High School, at Lock Haven, 26—0.

The announcement last week of a gift of athletic blankets to the Academy football team by one of the students requires correction, due however to a cause most agreeable to the players and all others, Westgate, who had planned giving 15 blankets, changed his plan and decided to present a like number of baseball coats. Shenk, a student from Lebanon, turned up with the announcement that he would make a gift of 15 blankets, that the football players are well taken care of and next season's baseball team also is provided for. The blankets and baseball coats will bear the letters "B A."

Festival at Pleasant Gap.

A most enjoyable event is slated for Hollow E'en night October 31st by the Ladies Aid Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Pleasant Gap. One of their noted festivals will be pulled off at Noll's Hall on the above date—Boston Baked beans and oysters will be served and the ridiculous low price of 15c. will be charged for a good substantial meal. Besides there will be on sale gingham work aprons, sunbonnets and a superbly fine silk quilt. All are invited to spend a pleasant and agreeable evening with us; nothing will be left undone to make this one of the most enjoyable events of the season.

Bank's Good Showing.

The First National Bank of Howard recently iusued a statement which shows that institution to have made a splendid growth since opening for business just four years ago from October 15th, last. The statement at the close of business on that day showed loans and discounts of $96,932.65; United States bond of $25,000 and cash and reserve of $55,223.02. The statement also showed a capital of $25,000; surplus and undivided profits of $5,722.61; circulation of $25,000, and deposits of $121,433.05. The officers, stockholders and friends o the bank are naturally much gratified with the showing made and anticipate continued advancement in the future.

Marriage Licenses.

Register Frank C. Smith has issued the following marriage licenses:

William F. Albright,	Curtin
Sara Edna Martin,	State College
Oliver Irwin,	Julian
Esther Spotts,	"
Jerry M. Stover,	Bellefonte
Furl C. Auman,	Spring Mills

REUNION OF 110TH

Survivors of Gallant Old Fighting Regiment Met at Tyrone.

The twenty-ninth annual reunion of the 110th Pennsylvania Volunteers was held in Tyrone last Friday most of the surviving "vets" being on hand for the occasion. The business session began Friday morning at 10 o'clock in the G. A. R. rooms on Herald street, with an invocation by John Shelo, one of Tyrone's most honored veterans of the Civil war, he having had both eyes shot out in battle. Captain D. R. Miller, of Altoona, a former resident of Tyrone, presided, and after the roll call, the minutes were read and approved. Another short session was held in the afternoon, and in the evening the grand campfire was held, during which time a number of fine addresses were made, interesting anecdotes of the days in the sixties were recited.

The following survivors of this famous fighting regiment were present: William H. Speer, D. H. Benner, of Altoona; John Troxell, of Glasgow; Jerry and Adam Keith, of Garman Mills; G. D. Brown, of Hollidaysburg; Vinton Beckwith, of Hannah; Michael Feathers, of Eldorado; John A. Beegle, of Newry; C. E. Applebaugh, S. B. Dunlap, all of Juniata; William McMahon, John Funk, Robert Hanna, H. M. Baker, Gustave Altman, of Alexandria; F. A. Thompson and son, of Lilly; David Miller and wife, of Mapleton, Henry Benner, of Selinsgrove; Isaiah Copelin, Mrs. George Hurley, of Philipsburg; S. T. Henderson, of Houtzdale; Thomas Evans, of Brisbin; A. McQuillan, of Woodland; J. D. Foreman, J. D. Bretton, of Osceola Mills; J. E. Hoyt, Wm. Imsport, Peter Cochrane, of Duncansville; J. H. McKendre, of Bellwood; J. W. Plummer, of Altoona; J. W. Fink, of Reynoldsville; A. P. Tall, of Trough Creek; James Kreps, of Bellefonte, and James Reed, of Tyrone.

Exploding Lamp Causes Slight Fire.

A slight fire occurred at the residence of C. L. Gates, on East Lamb street, Saturday evening about 10 o'clock, and only through an act of Providence was a much more serious catastrophy averted. Mrs. Gates and her two daughters were alone in the house at the time and were preparing to retire for the night. Suddenly they noticed a lamp which was sitting on the kitchen table at the time acting strangely. The oil in the body of the lamp seemed to be on fire. Mrs. Gates calling on her daughter to open the door started with the lamp to throw it out, but as she reached the door it exploded, and Mrs. Gates slipped and fell heavily to the floor. Fortunately, she escaped falling in the oil, which at once blazed up, setting fire to the floor and door frame. The screams of the woman brought William Musser, who was passing the house at the time, to their assistance, and with other neighbors, who hurried in, they soon had the fire extinguished, before it had gained much headway. As it was the door frame and porch were badly scorched. Mrs. Gates' right hand and arm were badly bruised as a result of the fall but otherwise she was uninjured. She is to be congratulated on her escape from more serious consequences.

"East Lynne"

Special attention is called to Miss Norma Berwin, the leading lady of the "East Lynne" company, who will be seen tomorrow, Friday, night at Garman's Opera House, as "Lady Isabel," a character of exceptionally strong dramatic parts, combining all the phases of human emotion, and artistic interpretation. In the lighter scenes of the play, youth and beauty enable her to be most effective and charming, while the depth and variety of her splendid art, render her scenes in the more sombre portions of the drama models of intensity and passion. Miss Norma Berwin's work as an actress is considered far above the average as a leading lady, and is upported by a most excellant company. Prices 10 20 and 30c.—Advt.

Unclaimed Letters.

The following letters remain unclaimed at the Bellefonte postoffice: J. H. Harshberger, Miss Shirley Livingston, William Mann, Mrs. Alice Grey Markle, R. K. Wooldridge. Foreign—Territh Paolo. Persons calling for these letters will kindly explain to the Postmaster that the same have been advertised in "The Republican."

NOTICE.

To the Tax Collectors and all Tax Payers of Centre County.

Please take notice and you are hereby notified that unless all State Taxes for the year 1912 are paid to the Collectors of your District and by him remitted to the County Treasurer, so that the same can be remitted by the Board of County Commissioners to the State Treasurer on or before the 11th day of November, next, that under Section 17 of the Act of General Assembly of June 1st, 1889, P. L. 426, the Auditor General will add a penalty of ten per centum of the amount due from each person.

WILLIAM H. NOLL, JR.,
D. A. GROVE,
JACOB WOODRING,
County Commissioners

Carpenters Wanted.

WANTED—Carpenters at Paper Mill. West Virginia Pulp and Paper Company, Tyrone, Pa.—Advt.

SUITS AND OVERCOATS $10 TO $30.
Take The Showing of The Sim Clothes At
$10-$12.50-$15

Suits and Overcoats

You will see nothing to compare with them. Style-Tailoring-Materials-they represent the greatest values at the price you have ever seen-While it is a well known fact the Sim Store shows and sells more higher priced clothes than any store in Central Penna.-yet some people may wrongly think we do not give the same attention and thought to these popular priced clothes as we do-We have never shown as many popular priced clothes as for this season-

All made specially for this store-cut into the very latest style and possessing special shape-retaining features, that no other clothes at this price possess. Conservative and extreme styles-fabrics of tested service giving durability in serges, cheviots, tweeds, worsteds homespuns, thibits, cassimerers in plain and fancy fabrics-The assortment includes every good style and you are assured of having your exact wishes fulfilled in selecting from these-We promise you and will give you from two to three dollars better value here in a suit or overcoat at $10-$12.50 or $15 than you'll get elsewhere. They are sold to you upon our broad guarantee of absolute satisfaction in fit and wear, and shape, and giving you absolute satisfaction or money refunded.

SIM THE CLOHTIER

Clothes That Stay Looking Well

Most clothes look well the first day you wear them, but they don't stay looking that way.

That's the big fault with most clothes. Our clothes, look well and stay looking well. There is half a century of tailoring behind these clothes.

They are cut and tailored to keep their shape. That't the difference between our clothes and the common-place.

We stand behind these clothes and back them with our reputation for square dealing.

Montgomery & Co.